

Landsp 1982-1984
see p 4a



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1984

Pearson, O. P.

1984 (Spring)

catalogue

#7162 - #⁷²²⁹~~7216~~

Argentina

Pearson
1984

Catalog

11km NNE outlet Lago Maloja, Argentina

April 22

7162 ♀ *Ratites*

stomach score; mammary tissue
 $218 \times 77 \times 31\frac{1}{2} \times 26$ 79g.

7163 ♂ ~~abdom~~ *Eremitalpidae*

stomach score.
 $169 \times 65 \times 23 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ 32g.

April 24

7164 ♂ *Ctenomys* sp.

caught April 21, killed April 24.
 $254 \times 67 \times 32 \times 6$ 195g. T9, SV10
very thin not breeding

12km W Bariloche, Rio negro

May 4

7165 ♀ *Eligmodonta*

lactating
 $163 \times 80 \times 22 \times 16$ 23g.

7166 ♂ "

$142 \times 65 \times 23 \times 15$ 15g. T3m white

7167 ♂ "

$160 \times 80 \times 21 \times 15$ 17g. T2m

7168 ♀ "

$152 \times 76 \times 22 \times 15$ 16g. multip.

7169 ♂ also Oliv.

$155 \times 76 \times 22 \times 14$ 18g. T5, part active

7170 ♂ "

$149 \times 64 \times 21 \times 13$ 15g. T4m

7171 ♀ *Ctenomys bairii*

$210 \times 70 \times 34 \times 5$ 118g. multip.

7172 ♂ also. oliv.

$138 \times 66 \times 24 \times 16$ 14g. T3m white

7173 ♀ " "

$147 \times 62 \times 22 \times 15$ 13g. multip.

7174 ♀ " "

$162 \times 72 \times 24 \times 15$ 18g. parous
st. scars

7175 ♂ *abro. pantherinus?* $139 \times 57 \times 21 \times 15$ 14g. T4m.

7176 ♂ *Eligmodonta*

$161 \times 81 \times 24 \times 17$ 15g. T3m.

7177 ♂ "

$154 \times 73 \times 22 \times 15$ 13g. T4m.

7179 *Oryzomys*

7180 "

7175 + 7177 saved for MVZ; others to INVAP

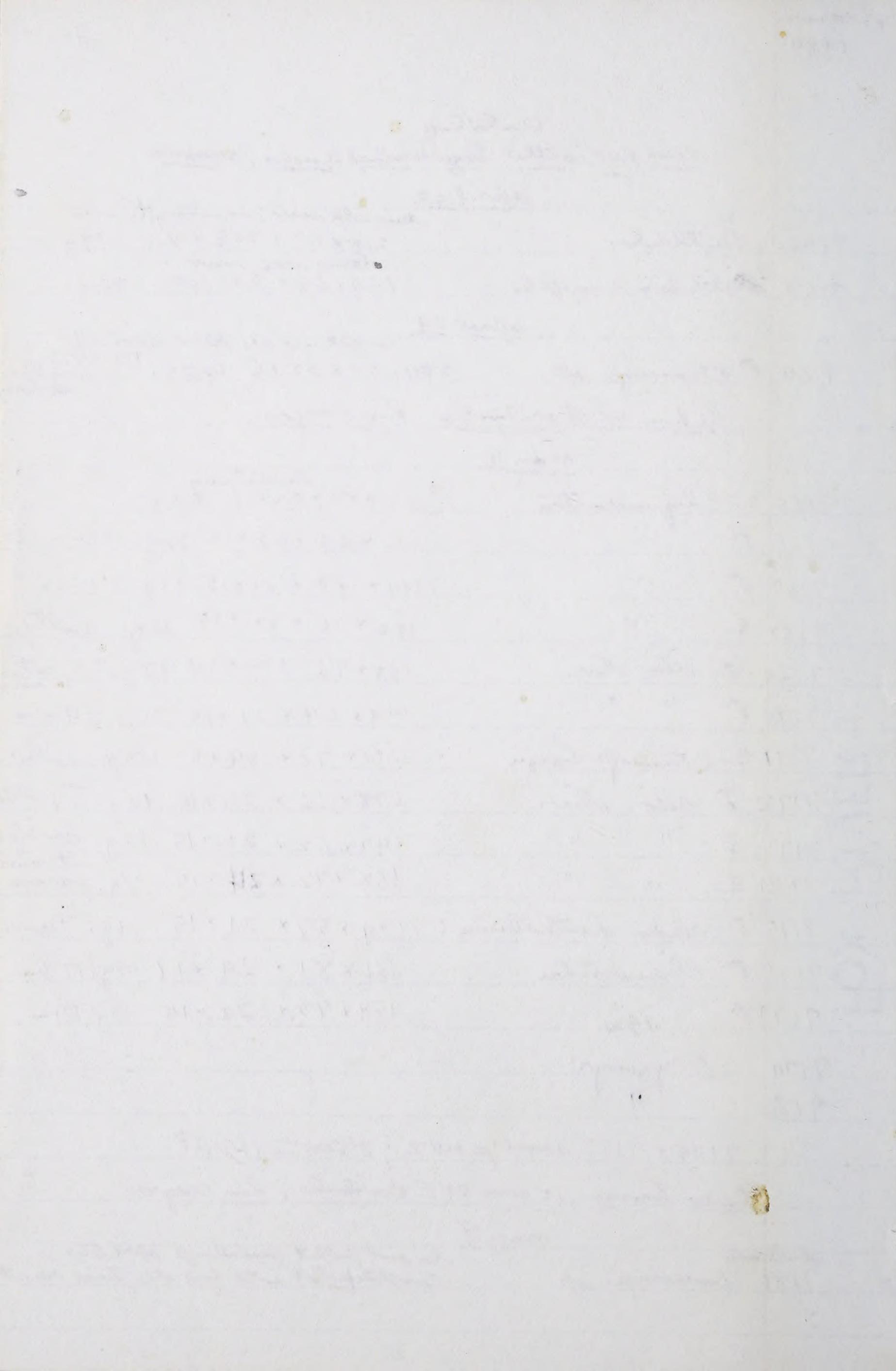
Cerro Leonas, 15 km ENE Bariloche, Rio negro

should only

7181 *Eremitalpidae* sp.

May 8

In owl pellet picked up April 22.
Complete pellet with fur etc., hence recent



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4 km N Bridge over Colón Cura, Neuquén

May 9

Testis $\frac{3}{2}$ pink

7182 *Eligmodonta* $205 \times 111 \times 26 \times 19$ $21\frac{1}{2}$ g. SV 3 mm

7183 *Phyllotis darwini* $243 \times 115 \times 29 \times 27$ 58 g.

7 km N Bridge over Colón Cura, Neuquén

7184 ♂ *Eligmodonta* $172 \times 93 \times 23 \times 19\frac{1}{2}$ 20 g. Post-breeding T4 SV 3

7185 ♂ *Phyllotis darwini* $219 \times 109 \times 28 \times 28$ 45 g. testis yellow, post-breeding T5 SV 3

7186 *Eligmodonta* see Pedersen catalog

7187 " " "

7188 " " "

2 km N Bridge over Río Colón Cura, Neuquén

7189 ♂ *abrodon inexpectatus* $[167] \times [60] \times 22 \times 13\frac{1}{2}$ 27 g T5 SV 5 flabby

2 km N Bridge over Río Colón Cura

7190 ♂ *Eligmodonta* $185 \times 102 \times 23 \times 18$ 16 g. T.4 post comp.

7191 ♂ " $169 \times 88 \times 22 \times 18$ $15\frac{1}{2}$ g. T.4

7192 ♂ " $157 \times 83 \times 22 \times 16\frac{1}{2}$ 12 g. T.3

4 km May 10

7193 ♀ " $175 \times 93 \times 23 \times 18$ 15 g. nullip. with uterine

7194 ♀ " $187 \times 91 \times 24 \times 18$ 21 scars.

2 km N Bridge over Río Colón Cura

7195 ♀ *abrodon inexpectatus*. $[158] \times [58] \times 21 \times 13$ caught May 9 during day 30 g uterine with scars

8 km NW Comallo, Río Negro WSW

May 15

7196 ♂ *Phyllotis* $233 \times 119 \times 30 \times 27$ 48 g testis 4 mm

Campo Fistuladas, INTA, Pileamento Viejo

7197 ♂ *Eligmodonta* $162 \times 79 \times 23 \times 16$ 17 g. testis < 3 mm.

7198 ♀ " $146 \times 75 \times 22 \times 15$ $12\frac{1}{2}$ g. nullip.

1984

3

- WGN
8 km NW Esmeralda, Rio Negro
- May 18
caught May 15
- 7199 ♂ *Phyllotis darwinii* 224 x 107 x 27 x 26 45g. testes small
collected May 16
- 7200 *Tadarida africana?* (from owl pellet)
- 7201 ~~macroura?~~ " " "
- 7202 " juv. " " "
- 7203 " " " "
- 7204 " " " "
- 7205 " " " "
- 7206 " " " "(pelvis and long bones only)
- 7207 " " " " " " "
- 7208 *Akodon longipilis* " " "
- Cerro Leonas, 15 km ENE Bariloche, Rio negro
- May 22
- 7209 ♀ *Akodon longipilis?* 155 x 61 x 21 x 14 25g.
uterus thick, no scars.
- 7210 ♀ *Akodon parvus* 153 x 58 x 21 x 16 19½g.
uterus thick, no scars, pelvis open
- 7211 ♀ *Eleiodontia* 168 x 80 x 22 x 16 19g.
- 7212 ♂ *Akodon parvus* 138 x 51 x 20 x 14 16½g. testes 4 mm, globby.
- May 23
- 7213 ♂ *Eleiodontia* 149 x 138 x 22 x 15 14g. testes 2½ white
~~akodon parvus~~ uterus thin
- 7214 ♀ " 152 x 76 x 22 ½ x 14 15g. no scars.
- 7215 ♂ " 150 x 71 x 23 x 14 ½ 19 ½ g. testes 2½, white, much fat.
- 7216 ♂ " 155 x 77 x 23 x 15 16 ½ g. " " "

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1984 (Spring)

Journal
(index)

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argentina

Apr. 20 arrived Bariloche 2 pm. Sunny, about 15°C. Puffy clouds mostly over, willows just turning, Rosamontes with red fruits. The plane did a loop up Sago Trail, then down to Villa Augustina, then back down Lake Nahuel Huapi to land toward the east. None of this higher than Cullen mangano mountains. No snow on them, the lomas not very colorful. Lots of open grass and bare on top of Cullen Mangano. There are more houses near Villa Augustina than you realize from the road. The houses and grass quite dead-looking.

April 21. Javie Perez Calvo came by. Says his also hojig on trap lines have ranges of 100 to 150 m. Raffovert is testing biogeography of the university, Felipe Valverde still "flying". Got car running (battery dead) and took off at 2:30 for Sinoy Valley. Stopped at the place where we found the dead haros and trapped for two last fall; set 6 steel traps there in what looked like cold two holes. Some of them were plugged with ^{cut} grass; no fresh earth. Red-brown droppings. Then drove down the valley to the Rio Cullen mangano, took photos. Alerce Reservoir is filled.

Then drove back to the two traps at 6:45 pm. One two in the last trap, alive. Squashed and squelched rather than granted. not hojig. The vegetation is bunch grass, small composites (Baccharis), a few neneo,

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Camped by the Limay River near La Sibila. Saw good, active leaf-cutter ants between the hanging bridge and La Sibila. They were carrying green leaves.

April 22 Sunday Easter night started out clear clear, then partly cloudy; no wind. Heavy frost on car and sleeping bag. Stars still out at 7 a.m. Car barely started.

Picked up the 6 steel traps at 9 a.m.: 1 also loose and 1 broken. The latter was entering the burrow from which I removed the two yesterday evening.

This locality is on the west side of the paved road from Bariloche to Conguancira, a few hundred meters north of the entrance to a fancy new house (Belgian owner of the estancia?), or 6.8 km north of the gate to Est. Fortin Chacabuco, or 9.5 km north of the road junction to Villa Augustina. This same locality was called 10 km NNE Nahuel Huapi Dec. 10, 1983.

Then drove back toward Bariloche to where the new gas pipeline is being laid. Beautiful bulldozed strip across the step; goes south of Cerro Gordo and then across Est. San Roque toward Pilcanayen. Will try to find out if they are still bulldozing to the east.

Packed up about 3 qts of new pellets of Cerro Gordo, Bariloche. Roger Perez Colino came last night with data from his trapping on Cerro Otto. Numerous recaptures of Abro, Loris, some >100m. Also a few captures of Callosomys and Chelomys and maybe Geomys.

Did errands around town. An engineer with Gas del Estado

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Owl pellets from Cees Janse, April 22, 1984

Entire pellets:

1. 1 egg ad. *Auliscus* 2
1 abo longi
- 2 1 abo faulho
3. 1 ad. *Auliscus*
4. 2 Oryz.
5. 3 abo longi
1 Oryz.
6. 2 abo longi
7. 1 juv. Reithro
1 old *Auliscus*
8. 1 laby *Auliscus* sp.
2 Eligno (ad, old)
9. 1 abo longi
1 Oryz.
10. 1 old *Auliscus*
2 egg ad *Auliscus*
11. 1 juv. Reithro
12. 1 old *Auliscus*
13. 1 *Eremomys*
14. 1 young Reithro
1 ad *Auliscus*
1 abo longi
15. 2 juv. Reithro
2 abo longi (very old)
2 Oryz.
16. 2 abo longi
1 Eligno
4 Oryz.
1 young Reithro
17. 1 Oryz. Reithro
18. 2 Oryz.
19. 2 ad *Auliscus*
20. 1 Oryz.:
1 egg Reithro
21. 1 ad *Auliscus*
1 Oryz.
1 abo longi
22. 1 ad *Auliscus*.
23. 1 juv. *Auliscus*
24. 1 abo longi
25. 1 abo longi.
26. 2 abo longi
1 juv. Reithro
27. 1 Eligno
1 abo longi.
2 juv. *Auliscus*
28. 1 egg Reithro
1 abo longi.
1 old *Auliscus*
1 abo longi
29. 20 Oryz.
30. 2 abo longi
31. 1 Oryz.
1 abo faulho
32. 1 ad Reithro
3 abo longi
33. 1 abo faulho
34. 1 ad *Auliscus*
- [35] no shell
36. 1 abo longi.
- [37] no shell.
1 juv. Reithro
38. 1 abo longi
39. 2 Eligno
40. 1 abo longi
1 juv. Reithro
41. 2 Oryz.
1 abo longi
1 juv. Reithro
42. 1 abo longi
43. 2 abo longi
1 old *Auliscus*
1 abo longi
1 chebecay
44. 1 Oryz.
2 abo longi
45. 1 Oryz.
2 abo longi
46. 1 abo longi (small pellet)
1 ad. *Auliscus*.
47. 1 abo longi
1 ad *Eremomys* 2 sic
48. 1 abo longi
1 Oryz.
49. 1 abo longi
50. 1 Eligno (old)
2 juv. Reithro
1 mus
51. 2 abo longi.



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Owl Pellet Data from Cave Zones (cont.)

Partial Pellets

52	2 abo longi 1 abo longi ad. 1 Oryz. juv.	abuensis 111 111 1 = 11
53	1 abuensis juv.	abo longi 111 111 11 = 12
[54]	no skull	abo fuscus 111 1 6
55	1 Oryz. 1 abo longi	Oryz. 111 8
56	2 abuensis (1 old, 1 juv) 2 abo longi (1 ad, 1 juv ad.) 1 abuensis juv	Eligmo 11 2
57	2 abo longi (1 ad, 1 old)	Rattus 111 3
58	2 abuensis (1 ad, 1 juv)	Gekko 1 1
59	2 juv abuensis 1 Oryz. 1 abo longi	
60	2 abo fuscus (Pellet very small)	
61	1 abo longi ad. 1 Oryz. ad 1 Eligmo old 1 abuensis ad.	
62	1 ad abuensis	
63	1 ad Oryzomys	
64	1 juv ad abuensis 1 Oryz. old	
65	1 abuensis juv ad. 1 Geoporus	
66	1 abo longi (small pellet)	
67	1 old abuensis	
68	1 ad. abuensis	Total of <u>complete pellets</u> :
[69]	no skull 1 Eligmo 1 abo longi	abuensis 35
70		abo longi 52
71	1 Oryzomys	Oryzomys 29
72	1 Oryz.	Eligmo 9
73	1 abuensis ad.	Rattus 14
		Geoporus 1
		Rattus 1
		Spermophilus 1
		Chelone 1
		Eumops 1
		mus 1

$\Sigma 145$

says that bulldozing is completed between here and Pilcaniyeu then Paso de Flores, but that it is still going on along the Colón Cava, Michael Christie returned today via the Colón Cava and saw bulldozing in several places and followed ^{briefly} one, looking for animals. Didn't notice Chinamoros.

April 24 Tuesday Bariloche. Temp this morning -5°C, met Sigfrido Rubuliz on the street. He says that last summer there were some patches of bamboo flowering at Lago Jacob (near Refugio Jacob). Most of INTA were Tucson and never Bonito and a new girl Nora working on diet of Elk and Guanacos and sheep & One of their people said that the Electricity Coop is going to run a high tension line from Abreva to INNAP to Bariloche. Went to see a technical man at the Coop who said they have not learned yet when the work will start. He is going to meet with the contractor Friday morning.

met Dicky Ojeda and others on the sidewalk, all here for the National Park workshop. One person from the local Parque Intendencia doesn't believe that the mice increase following the flowering of the bamboo, instead, the mice just became more visible!

April 25. Left Bariloche at 9:30 to follow bulldozers along the Colón Cava, just before ^{valle de Huapi} ~~Colón Cava~~ saw a road scraper scraping a nice stand of lambayacá, mario, and hoary (*Saxico*?). He was being attended by about 20 Chinamoros. I followed him for about 300 yards

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and saw nothing. He even dug out a couple of big clumps of espira negra - still nothing. Didi & see the chivagos catch anything big, maybe worms or bugs?

Then stopped at the two places 11 km NNE of the outlet of río Huaiqui. There are two diggings also across the highway. Bulldozers were working in the Colca Cura Valley. The bulldozing part of the gas pipe line seems to be all done from the lower part of the Colca Cura Valley all the way to the divide between La Rinconada and Junin de los Andes (where I am confused between the red and pink line ditch). One of the engineers said that they are progressing about 1 km per day down the Colca Cura Valley. I stopped near the Wood's Estancia and walked about 200 m of ditch looking for animals in it - nothing. Clear all day, windy. Camped on the divide between La Rinconada and Junin de los Andes (which is almost junin).

April 26 Night clear, cold, breezy. Drove through Junin to San Martín. A smaller pipe line is being installed here also and is almost completed. Then off the hill towards Villa Arequista. Numerous stops for photos (gorgeous autumn leaves). At several stops out of San Martín there were two diggings; heard none. Sunny all day. Camped at Soco Falls over. Most of

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the slopes from San Martin to here have
little or no N. dombeji (coihue).

April 27 Night clear. Tropes in car froze almost solid. Battery down again, car wouldn't start. Three Beverlys came by about 9:30 and pushed. Drove slowly south to Villa Argentina (4:30 p.m.) with many stops for photos. Am impressed again with the abundance of *nieve* and *larga* compared to Coihue. Good estroification visible by colors at this time, is between Falkner and Lichi Traful. Bariloche 7 p.m. Picked up 2 huchibers, Nora? and Pochos, who are tour guides and know everybody in Parque etc. A few Berberis darwinii in flower.

April 28 Yellow jackets cleaned shells on the balcony while I was away. They are still flying, new snow on Cerro López. Went up to Refugio Neumeyer (almost) in the afternoon (sunny all day, no clouds). All sorts of wood-cutters removing dead stuff including at least 4 city of Bariloche big dump trucks making several trips with firewood. Autumn colors just right.

April 29 Chalkaco in the morning to photo larga along the first part of the road. ~~A~~ ~~superintendent~~ says the municipality is running the project to gather fire wood for "the huandiles". Four big dump trucks packed with workers went up the road. They are "cleaning up" wood within 100m of the road.

In the afternoon had tea with the Rapaports, then with Hilda Rumbold and Terry Wedey. He is piping up a weekend house across the river at La Limpia, approachable by rowboat.

April 30 Barichara. Rain all day. Still no cedula at the Registro Civil. never known and a CONICET became Adrian Monjeau came by at 5:30, Adrian worked with Kroetz and with the Bogotánean chicas. He knew Dr. Venzano and had hiked and camped in the Glaciar Esperanza-Turbo region where the mice frozen in the glacial were seen by Venzano. A huffy type living in a cabin in the area knew about the mice also but apparently didn't know an exact location. Adrian is going to study mouse populations in the steppes of Campo Acreo in Rica and left his study plans for me to look over. Then at 9:30 Michael Christie came with Ellen Pedersen. She is helping with the collecting of data in the vertebrate inventory.

May 1 Fria, cloudy. new snow on mountain. Felipe Viveros come to discuss his Alidor project.

May 2 Rainy all day. Drove to the Colón Cura Valley. Willows bright yellow along the Savag. The bulldozers are working 13 km down the little houses in the willows, not much progress since last week. They were working in a sparse, sterile wheat field. I searched for about 10 minutes; nothing, no chevayos. They have 5 more km of wheat field to go, then 8 km of fairly good habitat. The man still says about 1 km per day. They had unearthed an Indian clay pot (broken) about 5 qts.

Searched for pebbles under the cliff near the

bridge over the Colca River. Found only two quarts of old pellets, but still lots of bones lying on the ground. Picked up 4 Micocavia, 4 Marmosa, 3 Phyllotis, and some unfamiliar abodour and ^{Chelomys?} Colomys? Dinner with Christie.

May 3 INTA in snowing. Took Elgno MS to Susac & Javes, and discussed mouse project with Adrián Mojica. In afternoon put 32 MS and 32 Shermans in the "steppes" habitat of the rod track ^{12 km} ~~area~~ west of town (with Ellen Pedersen). She & Christie will ride them up tomorrow. Day mostly cloudy and cold windy.

May 4 Cloudy, some drizzle, then rain. The traps (32 MS and 32 Shermans) held 6 Elgno, 2 Oryz, 5 abu oliv, and 1 abu? ^{olivaceus} frontalis? plus 1 Chionomys in the 1 macebe. 5 of the 14 mice were in Shermans (some of each). Lots of sprang MS. Short day snowing, then to Hilda's to see about taking Sambó to Wood's.

May 5 Barlovento. Cold, clear all day. Went down to Confluencia. Saw Pelado cross the road near Zafra, about 10 Condors over Tahuil Malal. Picked up about 2 quarts of large pellets at the Tahuil Malal cliff, mostly under the most bare tree at the base of the cliff. Didn't pick up any loose bones; everything with fur. Saw a few cold yellow jackets along the Guay.

May 6 Barlovento. Drove Hilda and Sambó to the Wood's of La Rinconada. Bulldozers and road scrapers were

Pearson
1984

Horned owl pellets from Tolhuac national
mogotes

Complete/pellets

- (1) 1 Oryzopsis ad.
2 Oryz.
1 abo longi.
1 abo teeth
- (2) 3 Oryzopsis.
1 abo longi
- (4) 1 anisca adult
- (5) 1 anisca ad.
- (6) 1 yg ad Reithrodon
- (7) 1 frenomyces
- (8) 1 anisca old.
- (9) 4 Oryz.
- (10) 1 old anisca
- (11) 1 Oryz.
2 birds
- (12) 1 old abo longi
- (13) 1 Oryz.
1 old Reithro.
- (14) 1 frenomyces.
2 abo longi
- (15) 1 ad Oryz.
- (16) 1 yg ad Reithro
- (17) 1 old old abo longi
- (18) 2 juv. Reithro
- (19) 1 ad anisca
- (20) 1 frenomyces ad
- (21) 1 old old anisca
- (22) 1 Oryz.
1 Elymus.
- (23) 1 juv anisca
- (24) 1 Oryz.
- (25) 1 Oryz.

- (26) 1 old old abo longi
1 old abo longi
- (27) 1 old Oryz.
- (28) 1 Elymus.
- (29) 1 ad. anisca
- (30) 1 ad frenomyces.
- (31) 1 Oryz.
- (32) 1 old old anisca (not a big pellet?)
- (33) 1 abo longi
- (34) 1 yg ad abo longi
- (35) 1 old old anisca
- (36) 1 abo teeth
- (37) 1 old Reithro.
- (38) 1 yg ad abo longi
- (39) 1 ad. Reithro
- (40) 2 old anisca
- (41) 1 ad anisca
- (42) 1 old Oryz.
- (43) 1 old old anisca
- (44) 3 abo longi (1 ad, 2 old)
1 anisca adult
- (45) 2 ad Oryz.
- (46) 1 yg Reithro
- (47) 1 juv Reithro
- (48) 1 old anisca
- (49) no shell
- (50) 1 ad abo longi
- (51) no shell
- (52) 1 ad anisca

Pearson
1984

14

pellets from Tashed male May 5 (cont.)

complete pellets:

TOTAL

anisognathus	19	(29)
abo longi	13	(17)
Oryzomys	27	(33)
Rattus don	9	(14)
abodon pantherinus	2	(3)
hrenomys	4	(4)
chelomys		(1)
Bird	2	(3)
abo oliv.	1	(1)
Eliurus	3	(3)
		(108)

partial pellets:

THH THH

1111

THH 1

THH

1

1

1

1

Note no tecoa, note Eliurus

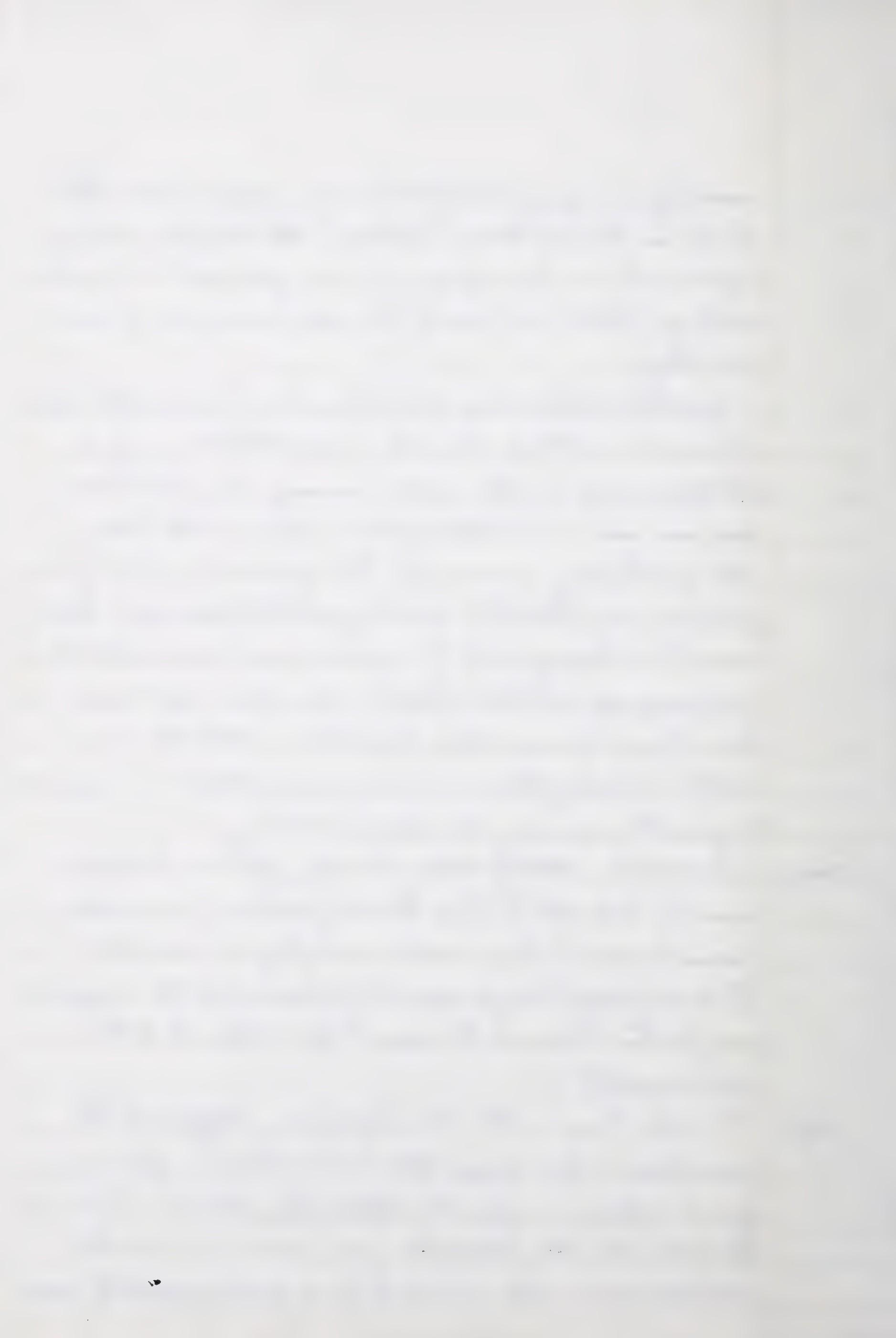
15

working in good habitat 3.6 km. above the little house in the village. Followed the scraper making a pestle out in bunch grass/weeds for about 100 yards nothing. The driver said he sees a couple of rats per day.

Jim Veed showed me his almond orchard with lots of mouse-nibbled almonds under the trees, up in the trees, and in the weeds away from the tree. He sees mice in the daytime up in the tree; also a chunky mouse on the ground. Part of his problem is that he fertilized the tree and this caused a heavy crop of weeds such as sweet clover (no grazing in the orchard). He does not seem to have tame-tacos. Does have deer. Met the son Walter and daughter-in-law Jane, both civil engineers. Day mostly sunny, drizzling in evening.

May 7 Barlobo. mostly clear, windy. Peter Punteri came to talk about his their problem - anonymous. Doesn't seem to have made much progress, and didn't think my suggestion for measuring biomass of the rhizome was practical because he doesn't have a team to help him nor transport!

May 9 To Colón Coca with Ellen Pedersen. stopped at the two places 7 km beyond the Fortín Chondino gate and found another!! squared Galictis there, 15 km ap. the Colón Coca the roadcaper was mixed in a mallow. One of the men, who seemed to be a good informant, said



they had recently cut through an old nest (log-cutter) and that down below the nest was a 1½ meter snake. He was not impressed with number of mice uncovered.

^{lay road = 7 km N Junc}

We stopped at 8:55 km 9 above the bridge, where there is a rocky knoll, and put traps out among the rocks and across the desert, which is quite sandy and contains coldo de pueri, clavagilla, senecio, subulatus, bromeliads, Senecio malizi, and (nearby) mota torrida! just like the Camille Lajada.

I put 18 Sherman and 25 MS; Ellen put 19 Sherman and 32 MS.

Then drove down to the owl cliff where I put 9 steel traps for guinea pigs in sandy hummocks with big Senecio subulatus, between the road and the river. Lots of digging, carnivore tracks, a few long radient tracks, but no carnivore droppings. Also about 6 MS. Then put 15 cage traps along the bottom of the owl cliff and a spring at the NW end of the cliff. Saw marmos - like droppings there. Ellen put 20 MS and 19 Sherman.

Camped out in the flats among big Senecio. Put 6 more traps in a rock outcrop around camp.

May 9 night clear, calm, no frost. The 6 traps around camp held 2 big Phyllotis (one of them giving birth) and one by pale Eligmodontia at the cliff (2 km N), 1 marmosa and 1 Phyllotis, across the road in steel traps. I also, iniscatas. In the rocks and

17

desert at 7 km were 5 Eliurus and 1 Phyllotis. Stopped at the little house in the willows to photo; the desert there was full of mouse tracks, probably Eliurus. Not as many tracks at 7 km. Skinned and rebaited same 2 lines.

May 10

Camped at Colca Cura (site of balsa). Night clear, calm. Water jug froze partially. my line in the desert at 7 km N (+ rocks) caught only 1 Eliurus. Edie's line caught 3 Eliurus. Small flock with very large black tail tips was competing with chamanes, caracaras, aguilachas, and black vultures for a rabbit at about 20 km N of the bridge.

my line at the base of the cliff (2 km N) and around the spring (Succowia subulata) caught nothing. across the road in sandy " " only one bird in the 7 std traps and 6 or 8 M.S. Edie's line had a Furnariid, cimelidae like with spiny tail,

The roadcaper was still mired in the morning, but they pulled it out at noon, but apparently needed repairs and was not going to work today. Various drivers agree that they don't see many animals. One said the sandy areas were best.

Home at 2 pm and finished observing. I was impressed at how much the vegetation of the lower Colca Cura is like the Condor Lajeda: Succowia subulata, Elyognaga integer, neneo, Stipa, Sapium (only a few), also a few very stout Ephedra and a very stout Colletia. The Eliurus are pale and long-tailed, the Abaodon misculus bigger than forthorhynchus. The

Marmosa was very fat-tailed. It might have been too cold to catch many *Marmosa*; surely that spring surrounded by bushes & brush would be a good place for them. I could find no trace of guinea pigs.

May 11 Parada, car being serviced. Sunny. Froze at night.

May 12 Leon und shield. Dinner last night with Gallopin.

Ric has accepted Directorship of the museum in B.A. He planning to support a corp of researchers via CONICET. Sunny all day. Drove to the Senay hanging bridge. 3 squirrel hare, (more than on previous trips). Saw 16 guanacos at 10km NNE Usqued & Anapi.

May 13¹⁴ morning clear, cool, windy. Left with Adrián Morijón for Campo Anexo. Talked briefly with Don Juan, then looked at the exposures and the grids all don't same. Then drove to the Cerro de Bajada and put 11 cage traps at the two rocky places for Phyllotes and Ereunomys. Ramón, the puestero there, says he hasn't seen one at night but doesn't know where they roost.

Then put 14 lines of traps at the NE corner of the INTA property. Adrián and I each put a line of 20 (alternately Shannon and MS) in the Campo Fisicalada, which hasn't been grazed for a year or more (Don Juan) and is probably the last-grazed part of INTA (Bonino). also lines of 20 each in the Campo Antiquito just across the fence. Bonino says heavily grazed, it does look a little sparser, less tall Festuca. Both are essentially Stipa/merlo with a smattering of Leucio + adonis.

Then drove to Cañada Bonito and set two traps; one down the hill and across the clausura (adrión) and one down the hill and across the grazed mällin (mine). Clear cold & windy. Camped next to the clausura.

May 15 night mostly windy, partly clear, no ice. Game in the Cañada Bonito: adrión caught nothing on the rocky knoll with 15 traps. His ³³ traps down the hill and across the double-enclosed mällin caught 2 alo longo in the dense grass of the mällin (plus horse droppings) and in the steppes/field 1 alo pantha and 2 Eliquo. My line of about 30 down the hill and across the grazed mällin (but still considerable cover) caught 2 Eliquo in steppes/vegetation and 1 in the first trap into the mällin.

In the Campos Estulados, adrión caught 4 Eliquo and 1 Eliquo in the adjacent grazed Campo antiguos. I caught 7 Eliquo in the Campo Estulador and 2 in the antiguos (one of these might have been an alo pantha but it escaped). In the rocks at Ramón's Puerto, the 6 cage-traps had 1 Eliquo and 2 Phyllotis. In the rocks further east, the 6 cages had 2 Phyllotis. One of the cages with a Phyllotis in it had been rolled downhill about 2 meters and a horned owl was attending it. Didn't want to leave it, and flew off only 20m and watched while we released these 2 Phyllotis. They were very hungry and immediately started eating rolled oats tossed under their rocks. A chivango pestered the owl briefly.

Skinned all day and then checked traps. Nothing at Campo

Fistulados nor Campo antiguo at Cañon Bonito
I also pantlo in my line (steffe vegetation) and
I furnished bird. In adrián's line I also longi in
the mollar clausura.

Sprinkled rain in the afternoon. Every mostly
cloudy, no wind. Trays singing near the mollar,

May 16 Cañon Bonito. night cloudy, little wind, no ice, my line ~~crossing~~
crossing the grazed mollar caught 2 Elymus on the hillside).
adrián's crossing the ungrazed mollar caught 1 adriánicus
and I also longi in the mollar and ⁴ ~~other~~ Elymus on the
ridge. Heard clancoupe in the evening (6 pm) after the wind
had died down. Saw a dozen rheas in the mollar upstream.

my line in the Campo Fistulados caught 3 Elymus and
I also pantlo, and in Campo antiguo nothing. adrián
caught 4 Elymus in the Fistulados and 1 in antiguo.

At noon set 6 steel traps for guinea pigs at about
6 km NW Comallo, then dissected till 3 pm. nothing in the
4 cage traps at the Phyllotis rocks. Then drove back the dirt
track behind Ramón's puesto to the cliffs hoping to find
pellets. Rocky canyon with dense cola de pescado and with
duraznillo 8 ft tall. Found a couple of quarts of pellets,
probably tigris. Returned Bariloche 7:30 PM. (The distance by
car from the camp to the road was 2.0 km
plus maybe 0.3 km more by foot
to the bottom of
the cliff).

May 17 Bariloche. Scattered clouds, showers'

May 18 Bariloche. A.m -9°C, snowing heavily,
but soon turns to slush,

May 19 Bariloche, snowing heavily, about 3" fell at the observatory
and 8 miles up at the University where I attended

a session for planning the curriculum. Dissolved
owl pellets.

May 20 Cold, drizzling. Some snow still left.

May 21 Partly sunny in the afternoon. At 4 P.M. put
traps across the flanks of Cerro Leonas, reaching up to
the base of the cliff at the left - had sand and crossing
a rocky knoll, but most of them in pre-cordilleran
steppes. Attended by Sherman and M.S.; total 130.

May 22 Bariloche, first part of night without rain, but rain & snow
before dawn. Put traps at 9 a.m. in drizzle & graying. They
held 22 also panther, 16 Eligmo, 3 also longi, and 1
Ctenomys (in a M.S. at a hole). Two sightings at one
other place. Note no Callosomys and very few also longi.
Saw 2 horse yesterday while setting.

Rain and heavy wet snow most of the day, but the
snow not lasting. Did not check traps in the afternoon.

May 23. Bariloche. Cold & drizzling in the morning, almost clear
at Cerro Leonas. Picked up traps at 9 a.m. and also
new owl pellets. Saw no owls.

About half the museum specials were sprung by rain
or hail. The catch was: 1 Phyllotis (red knoll), 2 also longi
(at least one of them up at the bottom of the cliff), 13 also
panther (1 of them in the same trap that caught the two yesterday)
and 9 Eligmodontia. In spite of rain & hail only 1 of more
than 30 mice was dead in a Sherman (^{red cats} cat nail bait).

Vegetation is fairly rich and diverse: lots of grasses
(mostly Poa some Stipa), the commonest shrubs a



Pearson
1984

Oil pellets from 10 km NW Cosmopolis, Negev

Complete Pellets May 16

- (1) 3 Elgins (all adult)
- (2) 1 yg ad Phyllotis.
- (3) 3 Elgins (1 yg ad, 2 ad)
- (4) 4 Elgins (yg ad or ad.)
- (5) 5 Elgins ad (1 of them very old)
- (6) 3 Elgins (2 ad, 1 very old)
- (7) 1 Reithrodontomys ad.
- (8) 2 ad. ~~Elgins~~ Elgins
- (9) 3 ad Elgins
- (10) 2 Phyllotis yg ad.
- (11) 3 Elgins ad.
- (12) 2 Elgins ad.
- (13) 1 ad Reithrodontomys

Partial Pellets

Elgins TH THH IIII

Reithrodontomys II

Phyllotis I

~~Elgins~~ ~~Elgins~~

~~Elgins~~

These^t all from same spot.

3 pellets from W side of canyon:

- (1) 2 Elgins (1 yg ad)
1 ad
- (2) no shell but marsupial pelvis
- (3) 1 ad
1 tiny
1 Elgin

mixed bags:

complete pellets

- (1) 1 Elgins ad + larger by lower.
- (2) 2 Elgins ad.
- (3) 1 Reithrodontomys ad.
- (4) 2 Elgins ad.
- (5) 1 Elgins ad + 1 big pelvis (marsupial?) ^{dark fur}
- (6) 3 ad Elgins
- (7) 3 ad Elgins
- (8) 3 ad Elgins
- (9) 3 ad Elgins
1 large pelvis
- (10) 3 Elgins (2 ad + 1 juv)
- (11) 1 small Ctenomys
- (12) 1 ad Elgins
1 large pelvis
1 bird
- (13) 2 Elgins

Season
1984

23

Half pelts from 10 km WNW Rosalia (cont.)

May 16

gathered of bare ground

Partial Pellets:

Elegua IIII IIIII IIIII IIIII IIIII IIIII IIIII IIIII IIIII IIIII

(54)

Reethra IIII IIII

(8)

Phyllotis IIII IIII

(10)

Ctenomys ad. 1

(6)

Bird IIIII

(4)

abrodon sancto IIII IIII II

(12)

Oryzomys 1

(1)

also longi sic II

(2)

microtus IIIII

(4)

mesocricetus

(1)

(14) Early bones & saline marshy spot

2 ad Elegua

(15) 2 old abro sancto

1 marshy spot felis + long bones

1 old Elegua

(16) 1 yg ad Reethra

[no skull]

(17) 2 Elegua (old ad)

1 abro sancto
1 Elegua (yg ad)

(18) juv. mesocricetus (no teeth)

(33) 1 Phyllotis (ad)

(19) 4 Elegua (1 old old, other ad & 2)

(34) 2 Elegua ad.

1 Elegua

(20) 1 abro longi

(35) 3 Elegua (2 ad, 1 ad old)

2 Phyllotis (juv)

1 abro longi (ad)

(21) 2 Elegua

1 bird

1 Oryzomys

2 Elegua (1 old old, 1 yg ad)

(22) 2 Elegua

1 long bone of big?

(23) 3 Elegua

1 juv Phyllotis

(24) 3 Elegua

1 ad Elegua

(25) 1 Reethra adulto

1 long bone of juv. big

1 old abro sancto

(39) 1 Eunomys (yg ad)

(26) 1 ad. Elegua

and "grass seed"

2 Elegua ad.

(40) 3 ad. Elegua

(27) 1 fetus ? of ? Phyllotis

(41) 1 yg ad aulisco

3 Elegua (old ad)

1 very yg Reethra
(very small pellet)

1 sancto or? notes?

2 juv. aulisco

1 abro sancto?

1 ? Oryz?

Pearson
1984

May 16. 10km NW Comallo

Summary of owl pellets (probably *Tyto furcata*) from 10km NW Comallo - a cliff/canyon less than 2 km from the road, north of the Chacra of Ramón's residence.
58 complete pellets, plus fragments of pellets.

	Sack 1 13 complete pellets	Sack 1 Partial pellets	Sack 2 45 complete pellets	Sack 2 partial pellets	Σ
Echimodonta	28	14	63	54	159
Ashdon puncta	0	0	6	12	18
Phytolus	3	1	4	10	18
Dactyloscopus	2	2	4	8	16
Marsupials					6
Thomomys	0	0	2	6	8
Birds	0	0	3	4	7
Otocodon longicaudus	0	0	2	2	4
Microtis	0	0	0	4	4
Antechinus	0	0	3	0	3
Oryzomys	0	0	1	1	2
Erethizon	0	0	1	0	1
					246

Some of the marsupials were in pellets and some were loose jaws. about 4 pellets contained marsupial long bones or pelvises or baculae without any teeth. Usually young individuals. apparently the owls avoid eating the heads? The Erethizon was in a good pellet by itself and much grass like like grass seed, maybe stomach contents? This owl roosts within 2 km. of all of our Comallo trap sites. Do rarities associate in the same pellet?

narrow-leaved Baccharis, some mesquite and acacia,
 scattered Coleosia, a few young tree lds at San
 Ramón, polo pichi (especially high on the slopes),
 lots of the sawtoothed bromelias (especially high up),
 a few Ephedra & Sesuvios

Total catch:	<u>1st night 130 traps</u>	<u>2nd night ± 100 traps</u>
alo foottis	22	13
Eligmo	16	9
alo longi	3	2
Phyllotis	0	1
Clawmarks	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>42</u>	<u>25</u>

note no echimomys Σ (67)

wet snowing at 11 P.M.

May 24

more wet snow, but not staying on the ground.

Visited INTA and talked with Garcia & Jimenez, then
 Jover followed Graciela came to call. They recently caught
 a 70-g echimomys, the stomach & intestine weighed 20g,
 and it was carrying (a ♂) 5 gms. of axillary, inguinal,
 and vesical fat (especially around testes). maybe they do
 hibernate?

Pearson
1984

26

Owl pellets from Cerro Gordo, May 23, 1984
(Previous collection was April, 1984)

Complete Pellets:

- (1) 1 anisio (egg ad.)
- (2) 3 also panthero (1 ad, 1 egg, 1 ?)
- (3) 2 also longi (ad)
1 Oryzopsis (egg ad.)
- (4) {
1 ad dryo
2 also panthero.
1 Euscoriops juv.
1 Bird
- (5) 1 also longi egg
1 anisio egg
- (6) 1 Ctenomys small
- (7) {
1 Oryzopsis old
2 ad Euscoriops
1 egg anisio
1 ad also longi
- 1 eggish anisio
- (8) 1 " also panthero

Total of complete pellets:

- (9) 1 egg panthero
- (10) {
1 juv panthero
1 juv anisio
1 ad Elephas
1 old Euscoriops

anisio 9

also panthero 8

also longi 6

Euscoriops 4

Oryzopsis 3

Pantherodon 3

Elephantidae 2

Ctenomys 2

Gepus 0

Bird 2

Total # in partial pellets:

<u>anisio</u>	=	1
<u>also panthero</u>	=	2
<u>also longi</u>	=	3
<u>Euscoriops</u>	=	0
<u>Oryzopsis</u>	=	0
<u>Pantherodon</u>	=	1
<u>Elephantidae</u>	=	0
<u>Ctenomys</u>	=	0
<u>Gepus</u>	=	2
<u>Bird</u>	=	0

O.P. Pearson
1984 (spring)

Species Accounts
Argentina

Pearson
1984

29

Arcosus longipilis

May 23 - Cerro Leoncito, Caught 6 in < 260 trap nights, far outnumbered by also bontha and Elymus. See 7209 as well as:

84-450 ♀

153 \times 62 \times 22 \times 15 19 g.

84-451 ♀

157 \times 65 \times 22 \times 14 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. " " "

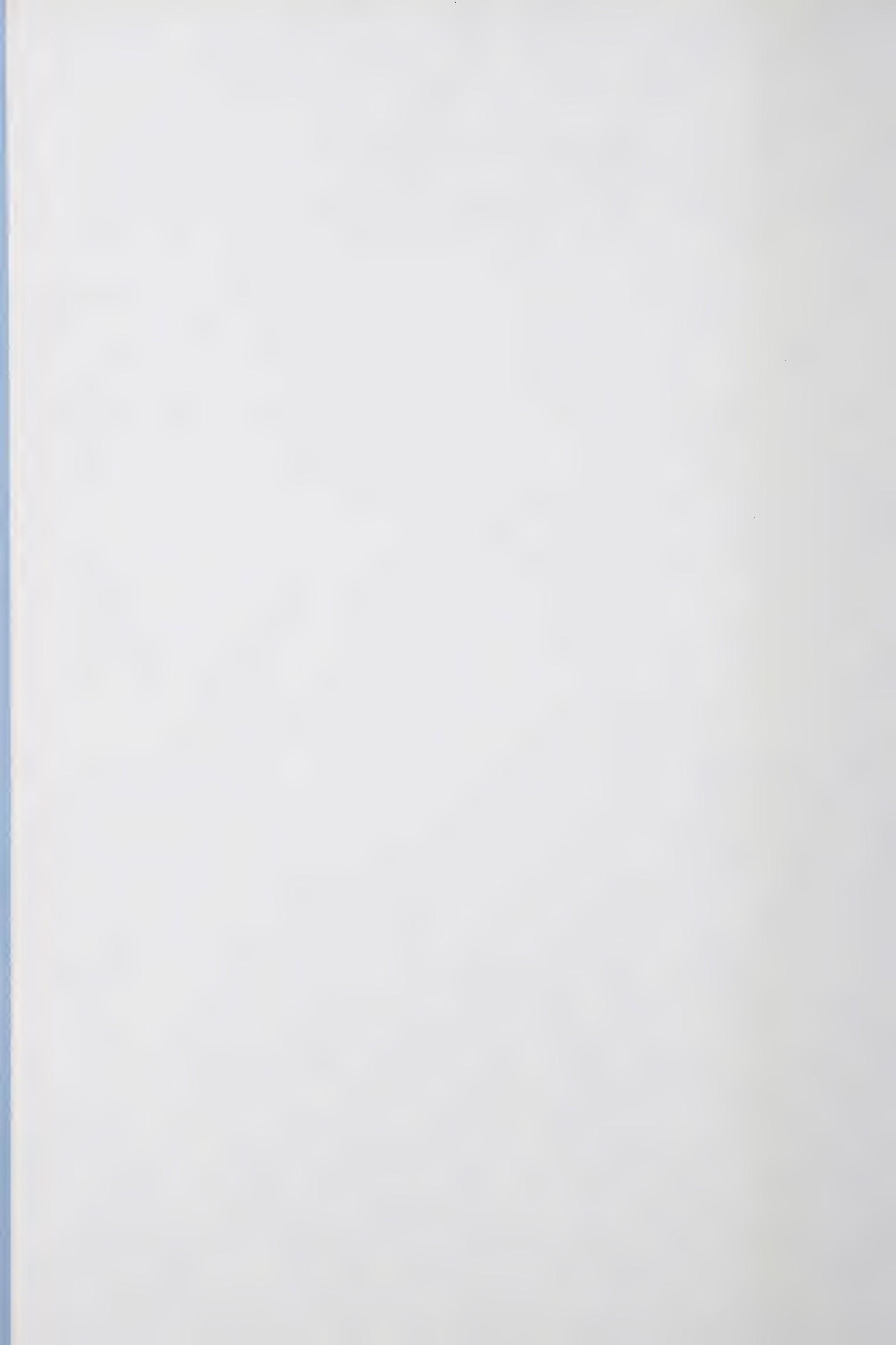
84-452 ♀

157 \times 66 \times 23 \times 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. plastron open

84-453 ♂

156 \times 63 \times 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 15 19g. testis 3 white

abdomen white no scars

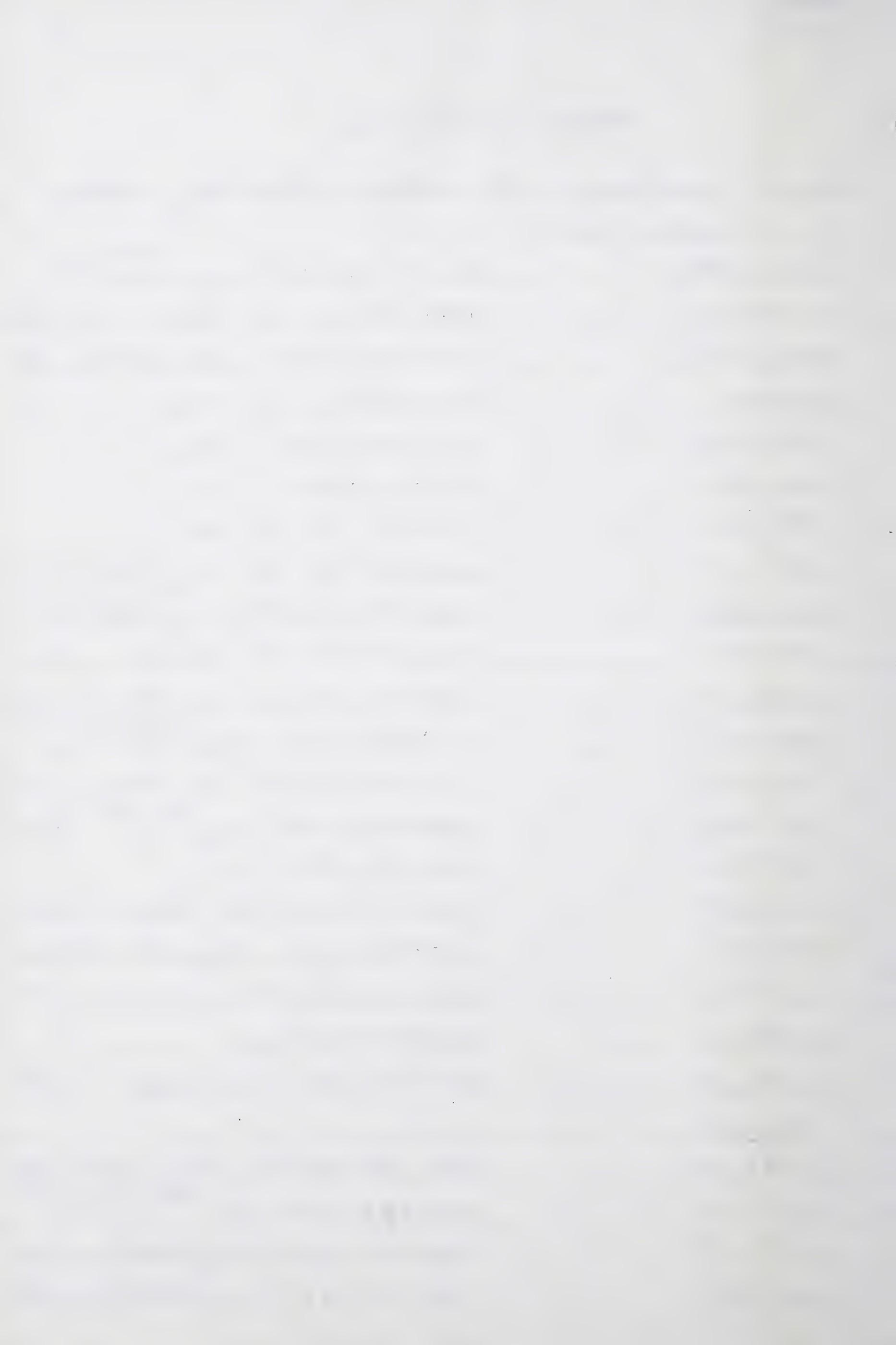


Pearson
1984

abodon pantherinus

May 22 Cerro Gordo. In 130 traps, ²² panthers, as follows:
(see also #7210):

84-400 ♀	128 x 50 x 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 15 g. no scars. uterus thin
84-401 ♂	121 x 48 x 19 x 14 12 g. testes 3 mm, white, fat
84-402 ♀	122 x 50 x 19 x 14 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. ut. thin, nullip.
84-403 ♀	122 x 49 x 20 x 15 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. " " "
84-404 ♀	126 x 50 x 20 x 15 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. " " "
84-405 ♀	122 x 45 x 20 x - 12 g. " " "
84-406 ♀	123 x 48 x 19 x 14 14 g. " " "
84-407 ♂	128 x 48 x 20 x 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ 12 g. testes 3 mm white
84-408 ♂	116 x 44 x 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ 14 g. testes 3 mm, one white, one red!
84-409 ♂	120 x 50 x 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 13 g. testes 3 mm white
84-410 ♂	117 x 47 x 19 x 14 12 g. testes 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ mm white
84-411 ♂	121 x 50 x 20 x 19 14 g. testes 3 mm, dark, not globby.
84-412 ♂	124 x 50 x 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 13 g. testes 3 mm white
84-413 ♀	125 x 46 x 20 x 15 12 g. uterus thin, no scars
84-414 ♀	122 x 51 x 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 15 13 g. " " "
84-415 ♂	131 x 52 x 20 x 15 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. testes 3 mm white
84-416 ♂	125 x 49 x 19 x 14 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. testes 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ mm, dark
84-417 ♀	124 x 47 x 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 15 15 g. uterus thin, no scars
84-418 ♀	130 x 50 x 19 x 15 12 g. " " "
84-419 ♂	138 x 52 x 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. testes 3 mm white
<hr/>	
May 23	
84-420 ♂	135 x 53 x 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 15 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ g. testes 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ mm white
84-421 ♀	125 x 50 x 19 x 14 15 g. uterus thin white no scars.
84-422 ♂	126 x 46 x 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 14 g. testes 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ mm white
84-423 ♂	125 x 48 x 19 x 14 14 g. testes 3 mm white



Pearson
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Crotalus fanthorpeanus (cont.)

May 23 (cont.) Cerro Gordo

84-424 ♂	$123 \times 47 \times 19 \frac{1}{2} \times 14$ $14\frac{1}{2}$ g.	testis $3\frac{1}{2}$ mm pink
84-425 ♂	$134 \times 51 \times 20 \times 14\frac{1}{2}$ $15\frac{1}{2}$ g.	testis $3\frac{1}{2}$, white
84-426 ♀	$130 \times 50 \times 20 \times 14\frac{1}{2}$	uterus thin white
84-427 ♀	$130 \times 50 \times 19\frac{1}{2} \times 14$ 13 g.	" " "
84-428 ♀	$131 \times 52 \times 20 \times 14$ 12 g.	" " "
84-429 ♀	$124 \times 45 \times 20 \times 14$ 12 g.	" " "
84-430 ♀	$144 \times 59 \times 20 \times 14$ $16\frac{1}{2}$ g.	uterus thicker than sic the others no scars, pelvis slightly open, nipples not seen.
84-431 ♂	$134 \times 51 \times 20 \times 14$ $14\frac{1}{2}$ g.	testis 3 mm white
84-432 ♂	$133 \times 52 \times 19\frac{1}{2} \times 14$ 12 g.	" " "

Pearson
1984

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Elgivodoncia typhus

May 17. Spent 2 days with Adrián Mojica trapping at Cañón Bonito and at the east end of INTA (Campo de las Fisteradas and Campo antiguo). Caught numerous Elgivos and a few Abo-pantos. Dissected about 20 Elgivos; only one of the females was parous, and probably none of the males were post-reproductive.

May 22 Cerro Leon. In 130 traps ($\frac{1}{2}$ Sherman $\frac{1}{2}$ MS) caught

16

Elgivo as follows: (see also # 721)

84-300 ♀	$146 \times 70 \times 22 \times 15 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ g. multiparous.
84-301 ♂	$155 \times 79 \times 23 \times 16$ $17\frac{1}{2}$ g. testis 3 cm white
84-302 ♂	$144 \times 68 \times 23 \times 15$ 16 g. testis $2\frac{1}{2}$, white fat body
84-303 ♂	$155 \times 78 \times 23 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ 17 g. testis 3, white "
84-304 ♂	$150 \times 68 \times 22\frac{1}{2} \times 16$ 15 g. testis 3, white "
84-305 ♂	$150 \times 76 \times 23 \times 15$ 17 g. " " 4 "
84-306 ♂	$146 \times 70 \times 22 \times 15$ $16\frac{1}{2}$ g. " " "
84-307 ♂	$143 \times 68 \times 21\frac{1}{2} \times 15$ $17\frac{1}{2}$ " " "
84-308 ♂	- 68 - $\times 22 \times -$ - " " "
84-309 ♀	$143 \times 69 \times 21 \times 14$ 14 g. ^{vagina open (sic)} uterus nullip.
84-310 ♀	$143 \times 67 \times 22 \times 15$ 15 g. nullip.
May 23 84-311 ♂	$160 \times 75 \times 22 \times 14\frac{1}{2}$ 15 g. ^{testes $2\frac{1}{2}$ cm white,} multiparous.
84-312 ♂	$150 \times 70 \times 22 \times 15$ 15 g. " " " "
84-313 ♀	$136 \times 67 \times 22\frac{1}{2} \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ $15\frac{1}{2}$ g. ^{uterus thin white, no scars, much ovaries} scars, and viscera fat.
84-314 ♀	$160 \times 81 \times 22 \times 15$ $13\frac{1}{2}$ g. ^{uterus thin white, no scars} no fat.
84-315 ♀	$145 \times 70 \times 21\frac{1}{2} \times 15$ 13 g. ^{uterus thin white no scars} much fat.
84-316 ♂	$143 \times 68 \times 21\frac{1}{2} \times 14\frac{1}{2}$ 13 g. ^{testes $2\frac{1}{2}$ white, much} fat at kidneys & testes.
84-317 ♀	$143 \times 68 \times 21 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ 14 g. ^{uterus thin, white} no scars, much fat at kidneys, ovaries, inguinal.

Pearson
1984

Elegmodontia types (cont.)

May 23 - Cerro Gordo (cont.)

84-318 ♂

163 x 81 x 23 x 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ 17g. teeth $\approx \frac{1}{2}$, white

84-319 ♂

142 x 65 x 21 x 15 13g " " "

Pearson, O.P.

1984 (fall)

catalogue

7217 - #7229

Argentina

Pearson
1984

Catalog

Pampa Huemulco, 5 km SW Bariloche, Río negro, Argentina

Oct. 31

liquid subcut cyst on shoulder, 23g. Saved.

7217 ♂ Ctenomys

243 x 72 x 32 x 5 198 g. Bladder 5 g.

testes 10 mm, SV thin. Cyst identified by
Dr. Marcelo E. Suarez as Coenomys serialis (Gervais, 1847)

2 km E Estación Perito Moreno, Río negro

Nov. 7

testes 4 mm, SV 3. Stomach with green gloss.

7218 ♂ Reithrodontomys

143 x 51 x 21 x 27 20.5 g.

43 km SSW Bariloche, 1200 m, Río negro

Nov. 25

nipples large, no milk. fat 2 1/2 mm front score
257 x 109 x 30 x 20 62 1/2 g. cecum 6.5 mm
ovaries no pink CL

7219 ♀ auliscomys

Río Castaño Oeste, 890 m, 44 km W Bariloche, Río negro

Nov. 30

7220 ♂ auliscomys 250 x 110 x 30 1/2 + 21 76 g. Testes 10, SV 15

Refugio Neumeyer, 1500 m, 13 km SSW Bariloche, Río negro

Dec. 3

stomach brown gloss. cecum large.

7221 Chelomys

153 x 47 x 25 x 16 35 g. Testes 4.5, SV 3

Dec. 4

formol

7222 ♀ "

caught Dec. 3. nipples large, milk.

175 x 50 x 25 x 15 1/2 76 g. Recent parturient. 5 small

formol

7223 ♂ "

181 x 53 x 26 x 17 85 g. testes 13, SV 16

2 km E Estación Perito Moreno, Río negro

Test 8, SV 10 Ep. much caught Nov. 11

190 x 77 x 31 x 24 50.5 g. fat weighed 25 g.

uterus pink 1 1/2 mm, much fat caught Nov. 11

formol

7224 ♂ Reithrodontomys

188 x 75 x 30.5 x 23 48.5 g.

weighed 25 g.

formol

7225 ♀ "

10 km WSW Comallo, Río negro Dec. 18

large nipples, no milk

7226 ♀ Reithrodontomys

225 x 81 x 33 x 26 105 g. 7 fetuses of 27 mm CR

2 incisors 2.22 mm, testes 2 mm

at Puerto Blanco

7227 ♂ Ctenomys general

146 x 43 x 24 x - x 36 g. stomach green

210 4 fetuses, 32 mm C-R

7228 Microtus

187 x 0 x 43 x 17 210 g

Puerto Blanco, 23 km NNE Pilcomayo, Río Negro

Dec. 11

7229 ♂ ~~Ectomys~~ *Ectomys* juv. 2 upper incisors 2.8 mm, stomach green
159 x 43 x 25 x - 49 g testis 2 mm

Pearson, O.P.

1984 (fall)

Journal

Species Acc'ts.

Argentina

Pearson
1984

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Oct. 29 Bariloche. arrived from Buenos Aires about 11 a.m.
completely overcast, 3°C , rain and snow. In B.A.
saw Willie and many for megalomani, Osvaldo Reig, and
student Claudio Silingardi and Miguel Palarano.
Reig teaching at the University, not director of the museum
(Director is still Gallardo), Crespo still the mammal-
ologist. Willie is teaching + many for has a CONICET
Fellowship. Also had lunch with Kravitz, juan, maria
Busch (mouse competition) and another student doing
burning and predation. also tea with Nottbohm parents.
A thunder rain storm overnight in BA had blown
down big trees along the Costanera.

Javier Calvo came to call, was completely snowed
out of Cerro Otto during the winter. He took a
helicopter ride over the slope: it was all white,
with dead sheep etc. Everyone agrees worst winter
in 40 years!

Oct. 30 Cold, scattered sun. a few raffodils out; apple
trees in town are blooming. Michael Christo in B.A.
but saw Marcelo Bettinelli. Sombordi poplars just
beginning to leaf. A few Scotch broom blooming
I rose out to Cerro Leonas and looked for
Reithrodontomys (none) and collected owl
pellets (about 1 ft.). Found mouse trap
(INTA?) up near the cliff. May be Adrian ^{was Ellen} Pedersen
has been trapping there (and collected pellets?). Lots
of Baccharis; Palo Pichi just below the cliff,



campo aveto, INTA, Pileanigen Viejo. July 13, 1984
Photos by adriana mojica.



adrian mojica and ephemerated
tinamou at Páramo Viejo.
July 13, 1984.

Pearson
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the cardo (bromeliad) heavily grazed, saw jack rabbit, a few black beetles.

Then drove to the old molader meadow on Pampa Huemulen. Lots of Rallos holes but almost no droppings, also two -two signs including huge deep runways that were probably made under the snow, and two droppings out in under turf. Set 8 steel traps for tucos and steh, and 8 new Rallos cage traps and about 6 old cage traps for Rallos, baited with Dandelions. Weather cold, mostly cloudy.

Before dark caught 2 tuco-tucos. Heard no singing. Camped in middle of meadow, checked traps at 10 P.m (moon half-full), nothing.

Oct. 31 Pampa de Huemulen. Began to rain at 10:30 p.m. checked traps at 3 a.m., rain/snow, nothing. Still raining at 7:00 A.M. Picked up traps, none touched. new snow on the trees up on Cerro Otto. Returned to Bariloche 8:00 A.M. Rain rest of day. Christie visited in afternoon.

Nov. 1 Early morning sunny, then clouded over, then rain. Went to INTA and talked with Javier Bellotti, Susan Martin, and Julietta von Thungen. Lots of talk about how severe the winter was. $1\frac{1}{2}$ m. of icy snow at Pilea; lots of dead sheep and guanacos. I wonder about the rheas? The grey flocks seem to have been badly hit but not the red (what evidence?). The

Pearson
1984

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Owl Pellets from Cowe Geover
Oct. 30, 1984

- (1) 1 old aulico
 (2) 1 ad aulico
 (3) 1 ad Reithro
 (4) 1 ad Euneomys
 1 egg ad aulico
 1 egg Eligno?
 1 old aulico
 2 juv. "
 1 ad Eligno
 (6) 2 ad also longi
 (7) 1 yg aulico
 1 old also longi
 1 Oryz ad
 1 ?
 1 ad aulico
 3 also teeth (1 old)
 (9) 1 old aulico
 lower ~~part~~ 2.17
 (10) 1 Ctenomys upper part. 4.6 mm
 1 juv. aulico
 1 Oryzomys
 (12) 1 ad also longi
 (13) no skull
 (14) 1 Reithro juv.
 most of above 14 pellets
 somewhat pale & weathered.
- (15) big pellet but only 1 Oryz odd
 2 old also longi
 (16) 1 Eligno
 1 Oryz
 (17) 1 Geomus .
 (18) 1 yg aulico
 1 also longi
 (19) 1 also southa
 (20) 1 Oryz adult,
 (21) 1 yg ad aulico
 (22) 2 also southa
 1 old also teeth
 1 ad Eligno
 (23) 2 yg ad also longi
 1 yg aulico
 1 ad aulico
 1 old also longi
 (24) 1 yg ad. aulico
 (25) 1 old aulico
 1 old also longi
 (26) 1 yg ad. aulico
 (27) 1 old aulico
 1 yg ad Reithro
 2 ad also longi
 1 ad Oryz
 (28) 1 ad aulico
 1 also longi
 1 old also longi
 1 ad. aulico

no two incisor to measure

cont. Total

<u>Partial pellets:</u>	<u>Whole pellets</u>		<u>Total</u>	
also longi II	2	14	16	Euneomys 1
Reithro II	2	3	5.	Elignodonta 4
also southa III	3	7	10	Geomus 1
Ctenomys I	1	1	2	
Oryzomys I	1	6	7	
Aulico II	2	18	20	
Bird (tiny) I	1	0	1	

(67)

vicuñas at the Reserva San Guillermo are said to have reduced their numbers from 8,000 to 1,000. Adrián trapped the Campo Fisicaladar etc., 300 trap nights and 0 captures (in June? or July?). The road to Jacobacci was cut, first by snow, then by bridges washed out.

Daniel Gordon
Gabriel Sopardo

Two students came by. One working under Raúl Gómez, has finished a report on howler monkey behavior. The other is studying birds at Laguna de los Pinos (Estación Puerto Moreno). Our rich mouse habitat in arroyo La Fragua has been bulldozed for the gas pipeline.

Nov. 2 Day cool, scattered clouds & sun. Visited the new Fundación Bariloche office (Isabel Gállo Pérez and Miguel Brón) in the former Hotel ^DRodas. Gordon stole their Apple computer.

Drove to Lago Mascardi to photo Berberis darwinii in full bloom. Saw about 5 isolated bamboo plants along the east side of the lake, another Berberis (fragrant) in bloom also.

at lunch with Hilda Rusboll yesterday she mentioned that in England in July, hedgerows of bamboo were dead, and that there was a notable abundance of crows.

at 7 pm we went to a talk by Claudio Chelboran on the status of mink in Argentina. He estimates a rate of advance of only 10 km per year. Not yet overrunning otter (mink are on Río Manzo; Otter is natural

H. uspi). main principal diet is mice; they have not yet found coips in feces.

Nov. 3

Day cloudless, calm. Went up Carro Otto to Piedras Blancas. Lots of snowbanks thereabout; leucas leafing out. The row of Doug firz, 1 ft. DBH, along the road at the tree meadow had all fallen (except one); snow? wind?. Walked along Javier's trap path. Lots of snow, the bamboo still struggling up through it. The leucas beginning to leaf out, a few earth cores in open meadows, but this is not an araucary area. Saw no "edible" bamboo shoots, but lots of clumps had a few tall leafless culms with sheath. We chose a discrete clump in a meadow and spent several hours tallying culms and measuring diameter and internodal distances. Some big canes had been broken by the snow. Dimer with Gallpines.

Nov. 4

morning cloudy turning to rain at noon. Finished measuring the bamboo clump on Carro Otto, clump A. The clump contained ~~274~~²⁶⁷ yellow (old) culms, 25 green-with-culm-sheath, 5 red-stalk-no-leaves-1st yr, 14 broken culms, and 73 dead culms; no "edible" shoots but 2 old dead "edible" type shoots, also 1 red-but-leaves-out-no-culm-sheath. Total 387 culms including 75 dead. 3 random subsamples had diameters 2 ft above ground of 10.9 to 24.0 mm, mode 19 mm.

Nearby were the remains of old dead clumps, very short stubs sticking up above ground and big old grey weathered canes scattered about. Picked up 4 big pieces, and the internodes



diameters were larger than any of the living canes... are these left over from the previous flowering? This would fit with Huenefeld's statement that the canes were larger at the time of the last flowering. $\frac{\text{av. diam. of random}}{53 \text{ canes}} = 19.4 \text{ mm.}$

Signs of rodent digging activity under the snow, especially around bushes such as Berberis. Dirt heaped up there, and along fallen logs. Probably tucoas and chelomys.

Snow clear by 9 AM.

Nov 5. Day cloudy or scattered clouds. Drove out to Estancia El Cordon with Abel & Claudio Gil ingardened his girl friend and looked for Perithrodion. Went to the field where they had been abundant a few years ago and saw no holes or droppings. Then searched various other fields and found only a few holes and a few droppings. Saw several hares, beef cattle, no sheep. Three owl pellets along a fence contained Eligno & abedus but no Leptro.

Abel & Marta Basti came for dinner, and then Javier Perez & Graciela dropped in. Abel & Marta have a precious manuscript on the history and life style of the populations in the Park of Rio Vallegas. also a manuscript on the Pumas of Isla Victoria.

Nov. 6 Morning mostly clear, then scattered clouds. Warmer, not windy. Javier Perez came in the morning to talk about his Cervus Otto mouse data, then ^{me} left at 3:45 to look for Perithrodion. Stopped at our campsite at Estancia San Ramon where we had seen Perithro 2 yrs

(Estación Peténito Moreno)

Pellets collected October 1984 at Laguna de los Guacos
by Gabriel Gómez and Daniel Gordon

Sote N° 1

most of them
small, perhaps
asio flammans

(1)	<i>Ashdon longipilis</i>	(27)	1 Reithro		
(2)	<i>Ashdon longipilis</i>	(28)	1 Reithro		
	<i>Ashdon taunho</i>	(29)	1 Reithro		
(3)	Siebre	(30)	1 Reithro		
	: <i>Eligmodonta</i>	(31)	1 also longi		
(4)	: <i>Ashdon longipilis</i>	(32)	1 Reithro		
	: <i>Ashdon taunho</i>		1 Oryzomys		
(5)	1 auliscomyz		1 also. taunho		
(6)	1 also longi	(33)	2 also longi		
	1 Oryzomys		1 Eligmo		
(7)	1 also longi	(34)	1 Reithro		
(8)	1 auliscomyz	(35)	1 aulisco		
	1 Reithro	(36)	1 Reithro		
(9)	1 also taunho	(37)	1 Ctenomys		
(10)	1 Reithro	(38)	1 Reithro		
(11)	1 Reithro	(39)	2 also longi		
(12)	1 aulisco		1 Eligmo		
	1 aulisco	(40)	1 also longi		
(13)	1 Oryzomys		complete pellets	partial/pellets	
	1 Reithro				(fragment page)
(14)		Total:			
(15)	1 Ctenomys	Reithrodon IIII IIII I = 16		21	37
(16)	aulisco	aulisco IIII IIII = 9		19	29
	1 Reithro				
(17)	1 also longi	Ctenomys III = 3		7	12
	1 also taunho				
(18)	1 Phyllotes	also. longi IIII IIII = 19		6	25
	1 also taunho				
(19)	1 Eligmo	also taunho IIII III = 8		4	12
	1 also longi				
(20)	1 aulisco	Eligmo. IIII = 4		4	4
(21)	1 Reithro	Oryzomys III = 3		3	4
(22)	1 Reithro	Bird = 0		1	1
(23)	1 Reithro	Chelomys = 0		1	1
(24)	2 aulisco	Phyllotes I = 1		1	1
(25)	1 Ctenomys	Hare 1 = 1		0	1
	2 also taunho				
(26)	*		64		120



4

Parted Palms, lot 1

Rather than 7777×7777 it is $1 = 21$

and so on \therefore Total $= 19$

Steomps TH 11 = 7

abdom longi THI 1 = 6

Abdodon panthe 1111 = 4

Elymniodontra 1111 = 4

Oryzopsis 111 = 3

Bird 1 = 1

challenge 1 = 1

Phytolaxis I = 1

(46)

Sole 2

Pellets collected at Zona de los funales
by Gabriel Gómez + Daniel Gordon, Oct. 1984

- (1) 1 abo pantha
(2) 2 abo pantha
(3) 1 abo longi
1 abo longi
(4) 5 Elignos

abo longi 2
abo pantha 3
Elignos 5
Sage Bird 1

Sole #3

- (1) 1 aubisong²
(2) 1 aubisco
1 abo longi
(3) 1 abo pantha
(4) 1 Eumeomyz
1 Elignodentia
(5) 1 abo pantha,
1 Chelomys
1 Reithrodontomys
(6) 1 Elignos
(7) 1 abo longi
(8) 1 aubiso
(9) 1 Elignos
1 aubiso
(10) 1 abo longi
(11) 1 baby hare
1 aubiso
(12) 1 abo longi

- (23) 1 abo longi.
(24) 1 aubiso
1 Elignos
(25) 1 Reithro
(26) 1 Reithro
(27) 1 aubiso
(28) 1 Elignos
1 aubiso
(29) 1 Reithro
1 aubiso
(30) 1 Oryzomyz
(31) 1 abo pantha
(32) 1 aubiso
(33) 2 abo longi
1 aubiso juv
(34) 1 Reithro

- (13) 1 Eumeomyz juv.
(14) 1 Reithro
(15) 1 abo longi
1 abo pantha
(16) 1 aubiso
1 Oryzomyz
1 abo longi
(17) 2 abo longi.
(18) 2 abo longi.
(19) 2 abo longi.
(20) 1 abo longi
1 Phyllotis
1 abo longi
(21) 2 abo longi

see next page for summary

Site 3 summary (collected October, 1984)

	<u>complete pellets</u>	<u>Partial Pellets</u>	<u>Total</u>
<i>Reithrodontomys fulviventer</i>	6	11	11
<i>Peromyscus maniculatus</i>	12	2	14
<i>Ctenomys</i>	0	1	1
<i>abro longi</i>	17	1	18
<i>abro pantherinus</i>	4	2	6
<i>Eligmodontia</i>	5	2	7
<i>Oryzomys palustris</i>	2	0	2
Bird	0	0	0
<i>Chileomys</i>	1	0	1
<i>Phyllotis</i>	1	0	1
Hare	1	0	1
<i>Erethizon dorsatum</i>	2	3	5
			67

Pellets collected Nov. 7 at Laguna de los perros by Gordos et al.

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Morro Aguilar</u>	<u>Morro Norte</u>	<u>%</u>
<i>Reithrodontomys</i>	1	3	13	17
<i>Peromyscus maniculatus</i>	0	4	19	23
<i>Ctenomys</i>	0	1	11	12
<i>abro longi</i>	0	3	13	16
<i>abro pantherinus</i>	0	1	4	5
<i>Eligmodontia</i>	2	0	11	13
<i>Oryzomys palustris</i>	0	1	4	5
Bird	0	0	0	0
<i>Chileomys</i>	0	0	2	2
<i>Phyllotis</i>	0	0	2	2
Hare	0	0	0	0
<i>Erethizon dorsatum</i>	0	0	3	3

Note species Diversity Index!

ago, but found no signs there, and none at Est Perito Moreno (Zona de los juncos). While there an INTA truck went by with Adrian. He had been trapping at Pileadora and said that after many hundreds of trap nights at his grids in July, Aug., Sept., Oct., and now (7 days), he had caught nothing.

I set 15 cage traps in low brush + weed habitat along the Rd track a few hundred yards east of the lake. Saw no Peltoodon droppings, but habitat looked good. Baited with dandelions, oats, apple.

Then drove about 2 miles east of the lake and camped between the RR and the road. Here there is lush green grass and lots of Reithrodontomys droppings and holes. I set about 5 Sherman and 8 new Reithrodontomys traps. Anita set 1 steel and 40 MS. She caught a juvenile Reithrodontomys at 8:20 while it was still quite light. mostly cloudy at dusk, with distant lightning. Almost no wind; almost full moon.

Ran traps shortly after dark: 2 Alaudon longi in snap traps, no Reithrodontomys.

Nov. 7 Estacion Perito Moreno. Ran traps at 1 a.m., thin clouds, bright moonlight. Nothing in traps, saw no mice. At dawn, ice on windshield, very light frost on grass, but many of the new traps frozen. Nothing in them. 2 more Alaudon longi in snap traps + 4 sprung empty. In the 15 cage traps along the RR at the lake, caught 3 adult Alaudon longi. about 15 condors running on the cliff. Returned to

Banados q a.m.

Owl pellet from near the lake = 1 anisognathus.

In the afternoon drove out to the Glac. Gla. Pampa
and measured banados in a flat pure-banado area
18 yards short of the well on the trail that starts just
before Tago Escondido. Chacoos singing all around. No
herb vegetation, one big cohue about 40 ft. away. This
clump (B1) had no red leafless canes from last season
but did have 3 new shoots. Numerous other shoots 2, 3 or
4 ft tall with the sheathed tips dead. Other clumps
nearby had red leafless shoots. One clump nearby had
a shoot 28.1 mm diam at the base. From the presence of
a well and rosa mosqueta, I guess this area must have
been cleared at one time. No cohues or cipres seedlings.

Nov. 8 morning clear. Drove to Rio Villazas to visit Abel & wife
Basti. after lunch drove down the Rio Maua on the south
side to the Rio Forjal, then walked over the hanging bridge
and down the valley for maybe a km, or two. A dam is
being planned for this valley. The park is on the north side
of the river, but impossible to cross to visit the pobladores as
we had hoped. Abel's research shows fewer people and
fewer animals in the park than years ago. The original
park settlers came from Chile about 1903. most of the heads
of households now are women.

Nov. 9 Partly cloudy, sprinkles of rain. Went for a horseback ride with
Anita and Huenshuapan up the valley to the Pampa de Teros, over the
1st ridge to the east, then back past Malin Rendondo and Puerto

Retamo. This consists of 2 tall posts (all that's left of a rovado or house) in a $\frac{1}{2}$ -acre clearing. There was surely a bigger clearing here years ago. now it is a sea of wire, cana, and retamo. On our $3\frac{1}{2}$ -hour ride covering at least 500 m of elevation and different slopes, we saw only a few cohues and ananays. all the lambas skinny. The big fire in the 1920s must have made a big difference, and Rogel was probably right when he said there used to be many more people in this area.

Huenchufon pointed out a puma track; not very convincing. Home 5:30 P.M., Berberis darwinii and apple tree still in full bloom.

Nov. 10 morning clear (Bariloche). Michael Christie visited last night (he's moving) and brought Eldar Pederson's field notes. She set 50 small snap traps at the Hippodrome on June 20, clear, cold, various amounts of snow, baited with oat and corn meal. night was cold + frosty, and about 15 traps were frozen, the others caught 3 Orys, 1 also oliv., and 1 bird (aphraster). no Elgins.

On July 1 she trapped carre leover with ⁷⁰~~20~~ small snap traps from the road up to the owl cave and then along the cliff. Cold and windy. This was ^{1 week} after the big snow, but the snow had melted. She ran traps on July 1 (1 also fantic, 1 Elgin on the transect, perpendicular to the cliff and 4 Phyllotis along the cliff).

On July 3: 1 also fantic and 1 Elgin on transect plus 2 also long at base of cliff.

19

Left at 3:30 for Estancia Pinto moved with General
Tepardo, Daniel Gordon, Claudio , his girl friend
the geologist, and José... Set 2 Shermanas and
22 MS across the slope east of the lab to the RR,
along the RR, then back to the road. Also about 15 traps
along the edge of the lab near its entrance. Grass short,
about no tufts.

Then drove 2 km E to our campsite and set about
9 cage traps and 5 new feather traps, all set for Pelethræ;
lots of holes & droppings. Excavated 3 burrows, but found
only 1 nest. Each burrow 3 or 4 meters long. While
setting a trap near one of the excavations, a young Pelethræ
tried to run down the hole I was setting at. Grabbed it.*

The owner of the Estancia (La Trocha) came by: Dr.
Marcelo Freydy.

Caught another Pelethræ before 10 (see
species account) and another before 1 a.m. while packing bag at
10 PM, followed a stream for about 50 yards until it dry
left holes along the RR embankment right clear,
about 2 hrs of dark before the moon came up. No wind
now. Morning clear. Considerable frost, cup of water in car froze.
nothing more in the Pelethræ traps. Then drove back to the
lab and pushed up traps. 5 also long. across the meadow
& RR, nothing along the lab. No condors. So Marcelo
said some guanacos survived the winter but no cabif.
Quail. We'd see quail a few days ago near the Estancia
San Ramon entrance

about 8 PM, broad
daylight. Same
hole where auto stopped
one earlier this week.

Visited Hilda Ramboell in evening.

- nov.12 Sunny warm all day. Drove up Cerro Otto, re-measured some of Bamboo Clump A1, made a count of yearling culms along 90 yards of trail, then measured another clump A2 growing right up against a 14-inch banga. Transplanted 2 clumps of rhizomes to the backyard. One of them with a nice big white shoot still underground. Saw no new shoots in the wild. A few small patches of snow still.

nov.13 Sunny all day + warm. Visit from the Galloprins and adrian mojica and wife. Searched for Rattus sign at the marsh at Estancia Tolhué mabal; very little signs. Took photos of the valley at Est. Tolhué mabal.

nov.14 Sunny, nice clouds. Pellets etc (see Pathodon). Otto in evening for bamboo sampler and photos.

nov.15 Sunny - Anita went bambooing. I did pellets ^{then to Paampa} ~~and worked on~~ ~~an~~ off ~~the~~ number looking for Rattus. Good holes, few droppings.

nov.16 Sunny. Anita went bambooing with Isobel Galloprins. I worked on my species. ^{nov. 19 - to Cuera Troful + Cullinan and, in cave.} 5 two traps along road caught nothing.

nov.20 To Puerto Blanca with Anita, Peter Karen, + Justin. Beautiful big clumps of bamboo all in flower at the edge of the meadow near the camp ground. The flowers dark purple, the culms already looking a little bit dead. There were yearling culms - with blooms. Saw no new shoots, although they were found on various other clumps.

On the walk to El abuelo we counted 6 blooming clumps. There were yearling shoots as well as new new shoots on

saw or most of these 6 clumps, the yearling culms seem to be taller than the old culms.

Chose a clump of bamboo on the grid (^{5B}~~52~~) near a big exhub and measured all culms etc. Had numerous yearling culms and new shoots including some not yet above ground.

The bamboo along the steps up to Sago Cantares are all scrawny sparse, those along the trail between Blest & Cantares are robust. much greater tree diversity along that trail (Sokoglossa, Almendro, a white-blossomed broadleaf, etc) than on our grid. Saw a dozen or two noisy parrots, but only in tree tops. Park Guard Horacio Palosa says he doesn't see them feeding or on the ground. Some drizzle.

Nov. 21 Overnight in the hotel, then more bambooing, especially along the trail to Cantares. at one place saw a half-dozen small bamboo plants that look like "seedlings" a couple of years old; one small yearling sprout, a clump of several-year-old bamboo nearby. I noted the dead clump at the Correo raspberry patch; still conspicuous, the culms greyish but hard. no blooming clumps along the Cantares trail.

While walking back from the grid with Horacio, he spotted a Darwin's frog crossing the road. I couldn't make it float belly-up, Horacio says he has not seen Sudus here but he found one killed by a puma and puma scats with puma hoover. The administrator of the hotel is Sr. Pancho. Some drizzle.

- 52
- Nov. 23 Bariloche. Secured on South American desert mice to my grunion and Prof. Pappoport.
- Nov. 24 Left at 11 p.m. for La Veranada, no signs of flowering of lambs. Many recently dead + dried clumps. Others with yearling culms - no shoots yet, but they can be found below ground by digging. Lots of signs of digging and tunneling by tuco and/or chlamys. Set 8 Reithro traps at open holes in green-grass meadows baited with sunflower seed and cheese. Measured one clump of scrubby lambs. Saw 1 tuco (?) briefly, heard none. Saw no Reithro droppings, accompanied by Anita, Peter, Karen, + Justin. The vine is pretty well leafed out and in bloom.
- Nov. 25 Evening mostly cloudy, morning drizzly, not cold. The 8 traps held 1 amblyompe adult. Since they were set over the holes and could be entered only from below, the amblyompe must have been using the galleries. It ate dandelion flowers immediately, did not eat cheese. No recent wild pig damage, no recent horse droppings, little evidence of recent grazing on the lambs. Fallen leaves in the lenga forest squashed lots of lambs across the trail.
- Nov. 26 Clear + warm. Collected owl pellets at the cliff at Tahuat Malal.
- Nov. 27 Partly cloudy. Left at 10 a.m. for Rio Costano Otero, arrived at our old campsite 12:30. River relatively low. 4 species of Berberis in full bloom. Heavy browsing on lambs by horses, both near the campsite and upon the hill at our grid. The horse droppings not fresh.

Pearson
1984

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Owl pellets from the cliff at Tehuel molal, nov. 26

- (1) 2 ad. Oryz. ~
(2) 2 yg. aulisco ~
(3) 1 ad aulisco ~
1 ad abo longi ~
(4) 1 old Oryz. ~
(5) 1 ad Oryz. ~
(6) 2 ad Oryz. ~
(7) 1 old Oryz. ~
1 abo longi yg.
2 aulisco pur.
2 Oryzomys yg ad
(8) 1 bird ~
1 ad Oryzomys ~
1 yg Reithro ~
(10) 1 old Reithro ~
(11) 1 old Reithro ~
(12) 1 pur. Reithro ~
(13) 1 old aulisco ~
(14) 1 abo longi old ~
(15) 1 ad Oryz. ~
(16) 2 yg aulisco ~
1 old Oryz. ~
(17) 1 ad aulisco ~
(18) 2 ad. Oryz. ~
(19) 2 ad. aulisco ~
(20) 1 ad Oryz. ~
(21) 1 ad Oryz. ~
(22) 2 ad Oryz. ~
(23) 1 ad aulisco ~
(24) 1 ad aulisco ~
(25) 1 ad Oryz. ~
1 ad frenomys ~
2 young Reithro ~
1 pur aulisco ~
(26) 1 ad Oryz. ~

(27) 1 old aulisco ~
(28) 2 ad Oryz. ~
(29) 2 ad Oryz. ~
8 pur. abo longi ~
(30) 1 old Oryz. ~
(31) 1 yg ad. aulisco ~
1 old aulisco ~
(32) 1 ad abo longi ~
1 ad Oryz. ~
1 ad chelomys ~
(34) 1 ad Reithro ~
(35) 1 ad Oryz. ~
1 yg ad aulisco ~
(36) 4 yg ad aulisco ~ 4
1 old aulisco ~
(37) 2 ad Reithro ~
1 ad abo longi ~
1 yg ad aulisco ~
(38) 1 ad aulisco ~
1 ad Oryz. ~
(39) 1 ad aulisco ~
1 ad Oryz. ~
(40) 1 yg aulisco ~
(41) 1 old abo longi ~
1 pur aulisco ~ 4
1 pur frenomys ~
1 juv. Oryzomys ~
(42) 2 ad. abo longi. ~
2 ad abo longi ~
(43) 2 pur. Oryz. ~ 4
(44) 1 old aulisco ~
1 ad aulisco ~
(45) 1 pur. Oryz. ~
1 ad aulisco ~
(46) 1 pur abo longi ~
(47) 1 old abo longi ~
1 ad abo longi ~
(48) 1 pur Oryz. ~
(49) 2 yg ad aulisco ~
(50) 1 old ad aulisco ~
(51) 1 yg ad aulisco ~

Owl pellets from Teluel molal (cont.)

- (52) 1 old Chelomys ✓
 (53) 1 juv. Lrenomys } sic!
 1 ad Lrenomys }
- (54) 1 ad Lrenomys ✓
 (55) 1 ad Chelomys ✓
 1 bird
- (56) 1 Oryz adult ✓
 (57) 2 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad aulisco
- (58) 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
- (59) 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 old aulisco ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
- (60) 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
- (61) 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
- (62) 2 also longi (1 ad, 1 juv.) ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
 2 juv. aulisco ✓
- (63) 2 juv. aulisco ✓
 1 old also longi ✓
 1 egg " " ✓
- (64) 1 juv. aulisco ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 juv. aulisco ✓
- (65) 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 juv. aulisco ✓
- (66) 2 ad also longi ✓
 2 old aulisco ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
- (67) 2 ad also longi ✓
 1 juv. Oryz young ✓
- (68) 2 ad also longi ✓
 1 juv. Reithrodontomys ✓
 1 juv. also longi ✓
 1 juv. Oryz young ✓
- (69) 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 old also longi ✓
 1 juv. Reithrodontomys ✓
- (70) 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 old also longi ✓
 1 juv. Reithrodontomys ✓
- (71) 1 old also longi ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 juv. aulisco ✓
- (72) 3 ad also longi ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 juv. aulisco ✓
- (73) 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 juv. Reithrodontomys ✓
 1 old Reithrodontomys ✓
 1 juv. aulisco ✓
- (74) 2 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
- (75) 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
- (76) 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
- (77) 2 ad Oryz ✓
 (78) 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 juv. Lrenomys ✓
 2 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
- (79) 1 ad Reithrodontomys ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
- (80) 1 ad Reithrodontomys ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
- (81) 2 eggs ad aulisco ✓
 1 ad aulisco
- (82) 1 old also longi ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
- (83) 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 ad Reithrodontomys ✓
 1 old Oryz ✓
- (84) 2 also longi (1 ad, 1 juv.) ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 old Oryz ✓
- (85) 3 ad. Oryz ✓
- (86) 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
- (87) 2 young aulisco ✓
 1 old aulisco ✓
- (88) 1 old aulisco ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
- (89) 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 ad aulisco ✓
- (90) 2 ad aulisco ✓
 1 egg ad Reithrodontomys ✓
- (91) 1 ad also longi ✓
 1 juv. Oryz ✓
- (92) 1 ad Oryz ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓
- (93) 1 ad Lrenomys ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
- (94) 3 juv. aulisco (fetus?) ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
- (95) 3 Oryz (2 ad + 1 juv.) ✓
- (96) big bird ✓
- (97) 1 old Oryz ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
- (98) 2 ad also longi ✓
- (99) 3 Oryz (old, 1 ad, 1 juv.) ✓
 1 Reithrodontomys ✓
- (100) 1 Oryz adult ✓
 1 Reithrodontomys ✓
- (101) 1 old aulisco ✓
 1 ad Oryz ✓
- (102) 1 ad aulisco ✓
 1 ad also longi ✓

Pearson
1984

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One pellets from the cliff at Tabel mab nov. 26
(cont.)

103 1 ad abo longi
1 ad frenomys "

Summary of whole pellets

104 3 juv aulisco ✓

105 1 juv abo longi
1 juv frenomys "

Oryzomys 70

106 1 juv ad aulisco ✓

Auliscomys 68

107 1 aulisco young
1 Oryzo ad, "

abo longi 46

1 ad Oryzo "

Rattus 17

109 1 ad Rattus
1 ad aulisco

Frenomys 9

110 1 ad Oryzo "

Chelomys 3

Bird

3

216

PARTIAL PELLETS:

TOTAL

Oryzomys ~~THH THH THH THH THH~~ 1 = 26 96

0

Auliscomys ~~THH THH THH THH~~ 11 = 22 90

abo longi ~~THH THH THL THH~~ = 20 66

Rattus ~~THH THL 11~~ = 12 29

Frenomys 1 = 1 10

Chelomys 11 = 3 6

Bird. 1 = 1 4

Geomys 11 = 2 2

303

at 5 pm I put 10 cage traps baited with coffee & sunflower seeds along legs of one of my old sets (and found one Sherman with a Geomys skeleton in it). Nothing in the traps at 7 pm - see bamboo species account.

Nov. 28. Day mostly cloudy. my traps with 2 adult also longi. Roland plan. Anita caught 1 ad. also longi during the day.

measured a bamboo clump in the morning then drove to Troudor. Scattered showers; sunset never clear. Back to camp at 3:30. Photo of bamboo and measured leaves of bamboo. almost all the bamboo on the south side of the Eastern Over has small leaves, even if the canes are tall. Little buckea forest on the hill above the south end of the bridge we found one clump of tall canes with leaves much longer and wider than the others. Bamboo much longer also. Saw a night heron along the stream yesterday.

Nov. 29 morning cloudy - drizzling. my 11 traps held 4 big adult also longi and 1 big aduncus. Anita's 5 were empty.

Started raining more seriously about noon, so broke camp, drove to Ventiquero negro and waited 'til one-way traffic at 3. A little snow mixed with heavy rain. Home 5:30 P.M.

Dec. 1 Scattered clouds, cold, windy. measured bamboo at Gao-Gao. Lots of new shoots. Tall shoots grow faster than when they were short.

Dec. 2 Scattered clouds, cold, windy. At 10 went to eastern Puerto Moreno and hiked up to the condor cliff. Saw a pair of

aguilucho, etc., and black vulture, and condors.
Three guys with a gun were shooting at the condors flying overhead. We were trapped several hours at the Sobe by a road race; dozens of cars parked at the Sobe to watch.

Dec 3 Bariloche - Partly cloudy, windy. Drove up to Refugio menager and walked up to the first lake. Lots of snow banks beginning at the level of the Refugio, a few llos-llos, mounds of earth cores, open ditch runways, and churned up earth along logs & under leaning trees. It must have been a great winter for mice under the snow.

My photoed amanay patch is still full of amanay shoots, no earth cores, a branch fallen on it. Lots of other fallen tree and branches. Numerous piles of stacked firewood along the road. Road poor; now nobody. Geysa blossoms on snow.

Peter & Karen climbed up toward Cerro Blanca and on the open slope saw two-llos digging or burrows. Anita set 3 cage traps at 11:30, baited with apples and rolled oats, in a big wood pile at the end of the road where we park our car. Sure Geysa, open-floor forest. At 3:30 there were 3 Chelomys. Siber had tied ribbons in the trees; the snow must have been 8 feet or more deep.

Dec 5 At 5 pm drove out to the Lampa de Huemul and hunted for Leithrodont holes. Daisies just beginning to bloom, dandelions done. Found lots of Leithro holes but very few droppings. Set 8 Leithro traps and 15 cage traps.

Partly cloudy, no wind.

Dec. 6 Sampa do Huemulo. Ran traps at 10 pm, 12 pm, and 6:30 a.m. none touched. packlights for about $\frac{1}{2}$ mile at midnight, saw nothing. night mostly clear, moon almost full, touch of frost.

Day sunny, little wind. Between 4 and 6 pm put traps across flank of Cerro Geover and along bottom of the cliff. I put 10 cage traps, ^{+ off} 38 big Shermans + others, and 38 MS + cornmeal; $\frac{3}{4}$ s of them along the cliff, the rest across the "steppes". Vegetation includes *Baccharis*, flowering *Polo pachis*, and flowering *Coldenia*. *Coldenia* in flower. Anita put ~~≈~~ 95 Shermans and 34 MS across the lower slopes.

Searched for owl pellets but found no new ones and saw no owls. Vultures over the pig farm. Vegetation on the slopes of Cerro Geover quite green & lush.

Dec. 7 Day cool, clear. Picked up traps at 8 a.m. about 20 traps had been stolen from my line and from Anita's, so her line ended up with 28 MS and 28 Shermans. My line with 7 cage, 33 Shermans and 34 MS. My line held 1 dead Phyllotis (MS) and 4 live Phyllotis (Sherman), one of them a juvenile of about 25 g. Anita's line held 2 live also panthera and 4 dead. The Phyllotis was a 50-g breed, ♂.

Asked about traps at nearby houses and at a school near the RR station (Nirihua?).

Visited our hamster traps on Cerro Otto. New shoots just emerging, yearling shoots beginning to leaf out. Our two

measured clumps are very dense (culms closely spaced), the culms quite fat.

Drove to Sago Masardi 7 to 8:30 pm for photo, but cloudy in many places.

Dec. 8 Barlobo. Cool, windy, clear. At 2 pm flew over Sago Trogl in a small cañon and took photo to compare vegetation. Very windy + bushy. Was too busy taking photo to make a vegetation comparison, but did note that some patches of leuca up high were almost identical with photo 40 yrs ago. Blooming Colletia was quite conspicuous.

Visited Hilda Ramollo at 4:30; dinner with Galoppini

Dec. 9 To Cornillo with Adrian at noon. Set 64 Sherman on east of his 3 grids; Campo Fistuladas, Yanquimil, y Puerto Blanco. 8x8 grids, 10-meter spacing. Stillingia on the heavily-grazed Yanquimil but not on the other two. Amato put 10 Shermans and 30 ns in similar habitat, and lower down in a nullón she put 30 ns and 1 steel trap.

Then drove to the canyon behind Racionis house with Navarro ranch and camped. Amato put 30 ns in bushy steppes (larch) and 2 steel traps. I put 15 cage traps baited with

Canned tava near boulders and cliffs in the
quebrada (duraznillo, coca de pedra, big bushes)
and Adrian put 16 Shermans nearby.

Before dark Anita had caught one microcavia
in a steel trap and I also panther. Evening
calm

Dec 10 Morning overcast, my coyote traps in the canyon held
adult Phyllostis (released) and one also. Longi, Adrian's
16 Shermans held 2 also. Longi and 1 old Phyllostis.
Anita's traps around camp held 1 adult Pedetra (steel trap
in bushy stuff near the guina pig of yesterday), also Longi,
and also panther. [Total catch to 4:20 8 panthers, 1 Pedetra, 1 Longi, 1 micro-
cavio

Then we drove to Adrian's three grids: no traps touched
except one by horses. Saw a big brown caterpillar on
Stillingia. Probably a viscacha in the canyon. And a pair
of peregrine-like hawks in the canyon.

When the Stillingia is burned, it root-sprouts and produces
quite large leaves. Some Stillingia plants are bearing new
flowers as well as full-sized (but green) fruits. Perhaps
it takes 2 years to mature the seeds. The green fruits were
slightly picante.

at 4 checked the 3 grids: nothing. Saw the rugose black
feathery a small white 5-petaled flower. Also a shrike
on one of the grids. Mr. Navarro, owner of our campsite,
says there are lots of red foxes, not many grey. Didn't
seem to know of any marmosets.

At 7:30 resetted my 14 coyote traps with apple. Anita

put 31 MS and 8 steel traps upon the quebrada among boulders and lots of duraznillo, col de pichi, etc. She also has 4 steel traps and 13 MS around camp. I have near camp 2 steel traps and 2 Shermans (In the middle of big 6-foot-diam. col de Pichi clumps where it looks like guinea pigs and peccaries are active.

Dec. 11 Night mostly overcast, and raining. My traps had nothing. Anita's around camp nothing; up in the quebrada she caught 1 Phyllostis, L. longi, and 1 Leopardus. Adrián caught 3 Leopardus in the quebradas. Beside camp and went to the 3 grids; nothing. Near the wall in Anita caught one more baby Tucu and an Leopardus. Everything seems to be breeding.

The locality called Puerto Blanco is the wall in north of the corner of INTA's Campo de las Fieraladas and Yanquimil.

Summary: The steppes everywhere are green and full of flowers. Even the "rainy grazed" Yanquimil property contains bunch grass with fresh red heads. But maybe the severe winter killed off most of the sheep. Horses are still present. Saw no sheep and everybody says they died. Saw one sheep carcass. It is necessary to run the 3 grids for 2 nights ($= 64 \times 3 \times 2 = 384$ trap nights) and had not a trap touched (except a few rolled over by wind and horses). In the much bushier area on the Comalla grid, the denseness of the bushes may have sheltered considerable area from the snow + ice. But we still have not caught a single Echymodactylus or

Hawk owl pellet from 10 km Corralito
collected Dec 10, 1984, from a cliff, not collected
earlier.

(1)	3 Elgino	(27)	1 Ctenomys		
	1 abo pantha (old)				
(2)	1 juv Reithro	(28)	1 Phyllotis		
	1 ad Elgino		1 Bird		
(3)	1 egg Reithro	(29)	2 Elgino		
	1 egg Phyllotis		1 Reithro		
(4)	1 ad Elgino		1 abo longi		
	1 Ctenomys		1 abo pantha *		
(5)	1 abo. longi.				
			more or less intact		
(6)	2 Elgino		pellets		
(7)	1 Elgino	above above pellets scars Total			
	1 ad abo. pantha	Elgino	THH THH THH	15	
(8)	2 old Elgino		THH THH	11	22
(9)	1 marsupial	abo pantha	THH	6	
(10)	1 microtus	Reithro	THH III	8	13
(11)	1 Euneomys	Phyllotis	III	3	6
(12)	1 Ctenomys	Ctenomys	THH III	9	18
(13)	1 Ctenomys		THH III		
	1 old Elgino	abo longi	II	=	6
	1 Ctenomys			III	
(14)	1 juv Reithro	(Sorex marsupialis)	I	III	4
(15)	1 Ctenomys	microtus	I	II	3
(16)	1 abo pantha	Euneomys	I	I	2
(17)	1 Ctenomys	Bird	III	4	4
(18)	1 ad. Reithro			52	85
(19)	1 egg Reithro	written across both upper sections of			
	1 old Elgino				
(20)	1 ad abo pantha	Ctenomys	: 2.96, 2.73, 3.04, 2.65, 2.73,		
(21)	1 ad Reithro		2.58, 3.10, 2.52, 2.72,		
(22)	1 Ctenomys				
(23)	1 ad Phyllotis	note absence of Ctenomys, Euneomys, Abrothrix, Brownys, and Leucomys. Some of the pellets			
(24)	1 bird				
(25)	1 bird				
(26)	1 Ctenomys				
	1 Elgino				

Pearson
1984

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Pellets collected by Adrian Morgan at
10 km wsw Comallo, Rio Negro = Comallo Ranch

August, 1984:

- (1) 1 old Eunomys crassus
- (2) 2 adult Elignos
- (3) 1 bird
- 1 juv. Ratito
- (4) 1 ad Ratito
- 1 old Eunomys (2 individuals)

late September, 1984

- (1) 3 Elignos (all adult)
- (2) 1 Phyllotis
- 1 ad Eligno
- 1 also panther
- (3) 4 ad Elignos
- (4) 3 ad Elignos
- (5) 2 ad Elignos
- (6) 1 ad Elignos
- (7) 1 Eunomys

Eunomys 2

Elignos 23

Ratito 2

Phyllotis 1

Taco 1

Panther 3

Bird 1

33

1st week of November, 1984

- (1) 3 ad Elignos
- 1 ad also, panther.
- (2) 4 ad. Elignos
- 1 ad. also, panther

on this trip (Oct. 31 to present).

Home 2:30 after stopping at Cerro Gordo to inquire about stolen traps.

Dec 12 Cool, scattered clouds, sunny. To Cerro Gordo in morning with Israel Gallopin + AKP to measure bambos.

Many or most new shoots are now parasitized. maybe the synchronous *bambusa* blooming is a strategy to beat the parasite?

Dec 13 To Cerro Gordo at sunrise for trap photos and recorders to look for missing traps at the school. no traps. The south base of Cerro Gordo was a sea of red-flowered *Polygonum*. Lots of *Coleosolaria* blooming, *Senecio* not yet, Palo Verde in full bloom.

Day sunny. Most of day with groupies, then to Javier Bellotti's home with Andrade Colorado Beane, flor, counter tops. Adrián says the ~~stepper~~ was under snow continuously for 3 months. Daniel Gordon says there is now a notable scarcity of aquatic birds at Estación Petróleos Moreno and of other birds in general such as pecho colorado and Corteranas. Those aquatic birds with nests laid very few eggs. The juncos (tales) are almost wiped out, but he saw a hornd owl. Even in October there were temperatures (in Fairbanks) down to -6°C .

Dec. 14 Clear.

O.P. Pearson
1984 (fall)

Species Accounts

Argentina

~~Season~~
1984

三

alexander longipilis

- Nov. 7. Estacion Feria Moreno.

♀ 168 x 68 x 22 x 15 45 g. ovaries large, large white CL. no green
 ♀ 167 x 64 x 22 x 15 36 g. lactating, ut. scars, in stomach
 ♀ 165 x 66 x 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ 42 g. testes 10, SV 19. stomach no green
 earthworms?

- Nov. 11 Estacion Puerto Morelos - caught 5, (72 traps), all in Sherman, all adult males.

- Dec. 11 a female from Puerto Morelos kept captive since
Nov. 7 to test delayed implantation did not give
birth and when sacrificed Dec. 11 had no fetuses and
no large pink corpora lutea. Uterus was pink, 3 mm
diam., vagina large trough. Ovaries, uterus, + other
viscera surrounded by fat.

Season
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abrodon pallidiorinus

RIO NEGRO

Cerro Gordo, Dec. 7, 1984:

84-200	also, fourth.	♀	117x46x19x13	12½g.	vag. open nec. vt 1.8mm no pink cl
84-201	"	♀	147x56x20x14	18½g	vag. not open. test. vt scale
202	"	♀	151x56x20x14	34.5g	vag. closed, info large, 8 fat ves 10mm CR < 4.0g.
203	"	♂	115x46x19x13	9.0g.	stom. green + black stomach 3.5g. test 6, SV 4.
204	"	♂	114x45x18½x13	8.7g.	test 6, SV 4
205	"	♂	127x50x20x14	17½g	test 11, SV 14

audubon's warbler

Nov. 25. Caught from La Veranda camp into. ate dandelion flowers immediately, in preference to sunflower seeds, oats, + alfalfa pellets. Liked apple. Bit head off a white clover flower, ate the flower, then ate the stem end-on. Was not immediately attracted to green grass-seed-heads of 3 kinds.

Pearson
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Bamboo

Nov. 12 Have been patterning with measurements of culms of bamboo on Cane Otto and Goo-Goo Peninsula;
Cane Otto culms taper more rapidly than Goo Goo.
no correlation between mat. diam. and length of culm
no correlation between mat. diam. and number of internodes.
Poor correlation between diam. at 1 m, " " " "
measured volumes of culms by summing volumes of
internodes (using length of internode + diam.). For 5 culms
from each place, the "critical diameter" (= diameter
which when ~~multiplied by~~ used as the diameter of cylinders of the length
of the culm gives the correct volume for that culm) the
critical diameter occurred at the following internodes:

18th, 17, 17, 15, 17, 16, 19, 18, 15, 17,

Poor correlation between mat. Diam. of culm and volume.

Fair	"	Strength	"	"	"	"
Good	"	Diam. at 17 th Internode	"	"	"	"
Poor	"	" " $\frac{1}{2}$ m	"	"	"	"
Good	"	" " " 1 m	"	"	"	"
Good	"	" " " 2 m	"	"	"	"

For Diam. of 1 meter above ground:

$$\text{Volume of Culm in } \text{cm}^3 = 90 \times (\text{Diam. of Culm in mm}) - 944.$$

Density of 3 culms (large ones) from Goo Goo were
1.276, 1.171, 1.131 (= heavier than water). Fresh canes without
leaves weighed with Pesola, and volume from measured
internodes. Leaves not included.

	culm	leaves	Total	20% leaves
Two culms + leaves	538 g	133	671	exp. incl. "twigs"
	830	139	969	14% leaves

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Bamboo (cont.)

Nov. 23. A handful of fresh leaves ^{+ twigs}, from Cero Otto on 11/14 weighed 33.0 g and air dried to 19.0 g on 11/20 and 11/23
∴ dry wt. = 57.6%.

Weights of 6 pieces of culms from Cero Otto 11/14

#	Diam ^{Final} 15.8	Fresh				
		11/14	11/24	12/04	12/12	12/14
1	15.8	40 g	25 g	20.0	18.5	17.5
2	15.3	32	24	21.5	21.5	20.5
3	19.5	57	35	28.5	26.0	25.0
4	18.4	52	32	26.0	24.0	23.0
5	17.5	36	25.5	23.5	22.5	22.5
6	18.5	50	37	33.5	32.5	32.0
		267				

Nov. 27 Rio Castaño Over. Walked up the hill past our grid and considerably beyond. Saw about 6 small clumps of bamboo that had flowered last year. Two clumps contained culms with dead flower heads from last year ~~and~~ as well as fresh new emerging flower heads on the same culm. So much for the drop dead theory. These were the big-leaved variety, but not as thick at the base as some from other places; yearling culms were producing flower heads.

Along the road to Pampa Linda from the campsite at the river (Castano Over), just south of the corduroy swamp section, we found four clumps of flowering culms within 20 yds; 2 clumps adjacent and only about 3 or 4 yards apart; drooping with dark brown seed heads and conspicuous fragrant stamens;

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Nov. 21, 1985. Dead clumps of the Correa, Puerto Blst.
Compare with photos in earlier year
1984

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Nov. 21, 1985. Correo, Puerto Blas^t
1984

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Nov. 21, 1984. Blooming clump at the campground, Puerto Blest
1984

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measured Bamboo clump at La Veranda. nov. 25, 1985
1984

Bamboo (cont.)

bursting out of old culms, yearling culms, short culms
only 2 ft. tall etc. *noted only 2 or 3 plants
within near locality. These are small-leaved plants
most of them flowering specimens.

Sightings of the big-leaved bamboo: 150x13, 138x13, 120x12

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Rattus donavirens

Nov. 11. Estación Puerto Moreno (2 km E). Caught 3 juv. Rattus last night in the bushy green grass + Bambus between the fence (Ectemnius satyrus) and the RR; 1 caught by hand at 8 pm (broad daylight) trying to enter the hole where I was setting a trap; one at 10 pm emerging from a hole where I had set two cage traps (I sneaked up with flashlight and pushed him into one of the traps) a juvenile; and another juvenile in an open-floor trap between 10:30 pm and 1 am. Night clear, calm & frosty.

Ear-tagged the 2nd one (#4713), coated it with fluorescent powder, ad with UV light watched it hop slowly about 2 m through the grass. Left him for 20 min ad when I returned he had gone another m. and was still visible ad tranquil. At 1 a.m. he had gone another 2 m ad the trail ended in a small clump of dried Succowia with a good hole about $\frac{1}{2}$ m away. In the morning examined about 8 m of this tunnel, but found no mouse, no nest.

Excavated 3 other burrows about 3-4 m each, found one nest (grass), no mouse.

as captives, the 2 juveniles ~~were~~ were tranquil, ate only green grass seed heads ad maybe flowering Polygonum, not apple or oats. When put together they immediately scurried ad went to sleep for the first time. Slept until after dark.

Nov. 12 Over night ate enormous quantity of green grass blades, seed heads, maybe culms, cooked carrots, sampled a pickled olive. They left culms and green seed heads. In 24 hours in captivity the two of them produced 483 droppings =

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Reithrodont (cont.)

1 dropping per mouse, every 6 minutes. They also ate some clover and a dandelion head. Air-dried for 24 hrs. the droppings weighed 4.8 g. Volume 30 cc.

Nov. 13 at 9 a.m. each of the 2 caged animals weighed 25 g. ate dandelion, not uncooked carrot. Produced 7.88 droppings which weighed (dry) 8.3 g. $\frac{= 52 \text{ C.C. volume}}{\text{volume}}$. They ate g of green grass, clover, & dandelion greens.

4.8 g. of air-dried droppings when soaked in water for 3 hours (smelled like fresh-cut grass) and surface-dried by rolling on newspaper weighed 18.7 g = 3.9 x

Nov. 14 2 captives produced 8.99 pellets (green grass, clover, & dandelion; mostly grass) in 24 hours. They ate 62.3 g. of greens (corrected for drying out by using a control cage), more than their own weight! The 8.99 fecal pellets when dried weighed 9.1 g; $\times 3.9 = 35.5$ g. fresh. Volume 58 cc (dry, in 25 cc graduate)

At dusk put Sancer Edam cheese, prunes, and dulce de membrillo into their cage (+ greens). One of the mice immediately ate cheese, also butter, not eaten right away.

Nov. 15 Pt huff. is a ♂ and weighed 29 g. Pt shoulder a ♀ weighed 29 g. ate no prunes, no dulce de membrillo, most of cheese, butter maybe. Fresh green grass (141 g) when dried for 3 days weighed 35 g.

Nov. 16 newspaper on floor of cage soaked up 5 g of urine. ate no veneo. The two mice ate 62.3 g of fresh green grass, clover,



and dandelion (corrected for evaporation by a control cage with grass in it). This represents $\frac{62.3 \text{ g} \times 35}{1441}$
 $= 15.46 \text{ g}$ of dry grass. They produced 9.1 g of dry pellets or 35.5 g of moist pellets. Hence, they eat their weight in green grass everyday and defecate half their weight per day in moist fecal pellets. Or, eat $\frac{1}{4}$ th their wt. per day dry grass and defecate $\frac{1}{8}$ th.

Nov. 17 Over night in addition to grass they ate apple & cheese, little if any corn meal mush. Did not eat turnip leaf.

Nov. 18 Hipp[♂] weighed 34 g, S[♀] 31 g. at 9:55 a.m. marked them on fur with fluorescent powder to see if it would come through in droppings. Could detect none, even 24 hrs later.

Nov. 21 Collected ate sunflower seeds, and bamboo shoots, and apple.

Nov. 25 Shoulder[♀] weighed 40 g, Hipp[♂] weighed 39 g.

Dec 4 Shoulder[♀] .. 48.5 g; Hipp[♂] weighed 50.5 g.

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Chelomys

Dec 3 Refugio Neumeyer. 3 cage traps at a woodpile in
Puro Larga caught 2 big and 1 small Chelomys.
Between 11:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m., by auto. Baited
with apples + rolled oats. They had eaten all the apple.
They ate more apple immediately (in preference to
anavaoay rhizome). Later in cages they ate
rolled oats. Up near the first trap was a beautiful
long earth core 12 m long - and then it disappeared
into a snowbank. The small chelomys was
an immature ♂ 35 g, surely born under the snow.

Dec 4 Caged adults have a Concord-grape, fruity odor.
Overnight they ate apple but not anavaoay
rhizomes.

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Ctenomys haigi

Oct. 30. The mataderos on Pampa Hueniles, 5 Km SW Bariloche.
Looked for Reithrodontomys here, cold cloudy. Lots of Reithrodontomys holes, no droppings. A few places, especially around roots of ~~seco~~ Rosa mosqueta and retamo, with tuco droppings, but nowhere any fresh excavations, a couple of places with deep clear runways maybe 6 ft long, probably made under snow. No earth cores. One place with a few piles of tuco droppings all by themselves on undisturbed turf (made under snow?). Heard no tucos but caught 2 in the first hours (7 P.M.), no more overnight. One of them a 125-g ♀ early pregnant, ^{many lice}. The other a big ♂ 7217.

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